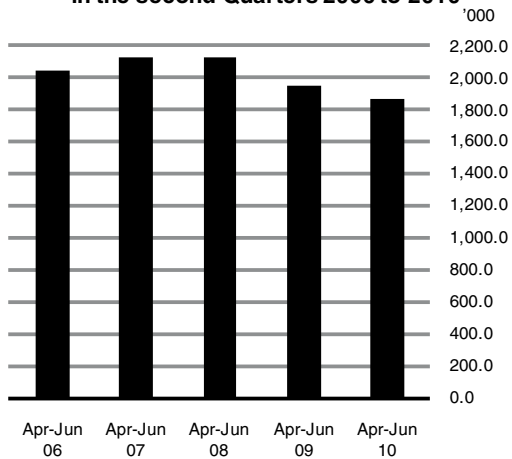


Quarterly National Household Survey Quarter 2 2010

**Numbers in employment (ILO),
in the second Quarters 2006 to 2010**



ILO¹ Labour Force

	In Employment	Unemployed	Labour Force
Apr-Jun 2009	1,938.5	264.6	2,203.1
Jul-Sep 2009	1,922.4	279.8	2,202.3
Oct-Dec 2009	1,887.7	267.4	2,155.2
Jan-Mar 2010	1,857.6	275.0	2,132.7
Apr-Jun 2010	1,859.1	293.6	2,152.7
<i>Change in quarter</i>	<i>+1.5</i>	<i>+18.6</i>	<i>+20.0</i>
<i>Change in year</i>	<i>-79.4</i>	<i>+29.0</i>	<i>-50.4</i>

¹ International Labour Office Classification.

Employment decline slows to 4.1% in the year to Q2 2010

There were 1,859,100 persons in employment in the second quarter of 2010, an annual decrease of 79,400 or 4.1%. This compares with an annual decrease in employment of 5.5% in the previous quarter and a decline of 8.2% in the year to the second quarter of 2009. The annual decrease of 4.1% in the number of persons in employment is the lowest fall since the fourth quarter of 2008 when the rate of decrease was 3.9%. On a seasonally adjusted basis employment fell by 7,600 in the quarter, the lowest quarterly fall recorded since Q1 2008. *See table 1, table 3 and graph opposite.*

There was an annual decrease of 55,900 or 5.3% in the number of men in employment, while the number of women in employment decreased by 23,500 or 2.7%. *See table 1.*

The overall employment rate among persons aged 15-64 fell by 2.1 percentage points to 60.4%, down from 62.5% in Q2 2009. The employment rate for persons aged 15-64 has fallen on an annual basis in each quarter since Q4 2007 and is now back at a level comparable with that seen in the second quarter of 1998. *See table 12 and graph on page 3.*

In the second quarter of 2010 there were 293,600 persons unemployed, an increase of 29,000 (+11.0%) in the year. This is the lowest annual increase in unemployment since an increase of 23,600 was recorded in the second quarter of 2008. Male unemployment increased by 13,200 (+7.1%), with the number of unemployed females increasing by 15,900 (+20.5%). When seasonal factors are taken into account there was a quarterly increase of 6,300 in the numbers unemployed with the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increasing from 12.9% to 13.2% over the quarter. *See table 1 and table 3.*

The CSO has undertaken an analysis of the trend in agricultural employment recorded. The analysis has shown that the trend has been influenced by the introduction of an updated sample which commenced in quarter 1 2009 and is fully in effect as of quarter 1 2010. However, in the absence of other contemporary information on the level of agricultural employment no firm conclusion can be drawn on a more realistic trend. The CSO proposes to revisit the issue when data from the Census of Agriculture 2010 and Census of Population 2011 become available. In the interim caution is warranted in the interpretation of the trend in agricultural employment. The CSO would like to note that the analysis undertaken identified no clear significant impact on other sectors of employment or the main labour force estimates.

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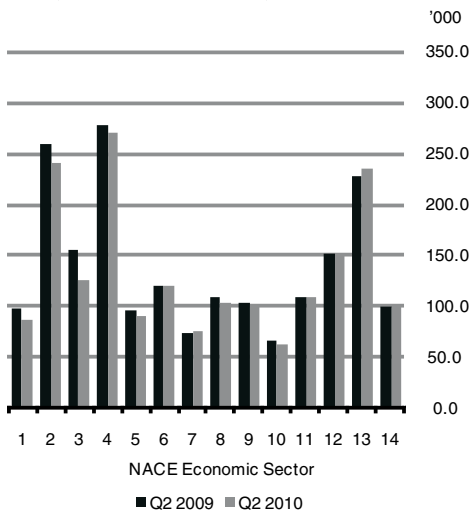
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Ref 171/2010

ISSN 1393-6875

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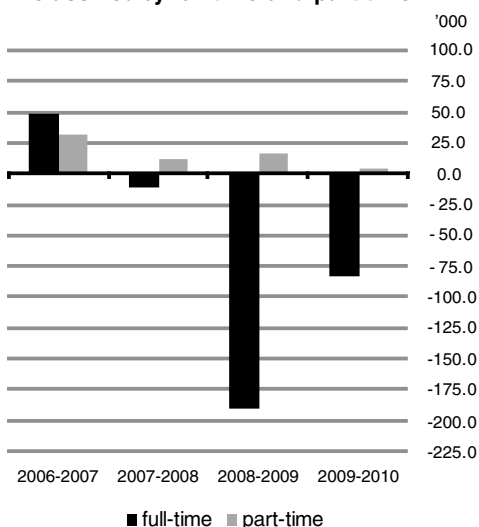
Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by NACE Economic Sector, Quarter 2 2009 and Quarter 2 2010



KEY

- 1- A Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- 2- B-E Industry
- 3- F Construction
- 4- G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 5- H Transportation and storage
- 6- I Accommodation and food service activities
- 7- J Information and communication
- 8- K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities
- 9- M Professional, scientific and technical activities
- 10- N Administrative and support service activities
- 11- O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- 12- P Education
- 13- Q Human health and social work activities
- 14- R-U Other NACE activities

Employment trends in the second Quarters 2006 to 2010 classified by full-time and part-time



The long-term unemployment rate in the second quarter of 2010 was 5.9% compared with 2.6% in the second quarter of 2009. *See table 16 and table 17.*

The total number of persons in the labour force in the second quarter of 2010 was 2,152,700, representing a decrease of 50,400 or 2.3% over the year. This compares with an annual labour force decrease of 1.6% or 36,500 in the second quarter of 2009. The overall participation rate declined from 62.5% in Q2 2009 to 61.3% in Q2 2010. *See table 1 and table 9.*

Employment fell on an annual basis in 10 of the 14 economic sectors. The largest decline in employment was again recorded in the *Construction* sector where the numbers employed fell by 30,100 (-19.4%) over the year. Employment in the *Construction* sector has now fallen by almost 54% since its peak in the second quarter of 2007. The next largest annual decreases in employment were recorded in the *Industry* and *Agriculture, forestry and fishing* sectors where the numbers employed fell by 18,200 (-7.0%) and 12,300 (-12.7%) respectively. It should be noted that the CSO suggests caution in interpretation of the trend in the *Agriculture, forestry and fishing* sector at this time. *See table 2b, graph opposite and additional note regarding Agriculture, forestry and fishing employment on page 1.*

The latest available figures for all EU-27 member states, which are for the first quarter of 2010, show that between the first quarters of 2009 and 2010 Ireland's employment level fell by 5.7% while its labour force declined by 2.7%. This compares with a decline in employment of 1.3% in the EU-27 countries while the size of the EU-27 labour force increased by 0.2% in the year to Q1 2010. Ireland's unemployment rate of 12.8% was 2.8 percentage points higher than the EU-27 average unemployment rate of 10.0%. The estimated EU unemployment rate for May 2010 was 9.6% compared with a seasonally adjusted rate of 13.2% in Ireland for Q2 2010. *See table 25.*

Full-time employment declines by 83,200 over the year

Full-time employment fell by 83,200 on an annual basis with declines in both male (-62,900) and female (-20,300) full-time employment. The largest decreases in full-time employment occurred in the *Construction* (-31,300) and *Industry* (-17,900) sectors. In the second quarter of 2010, full-time employment for males in the *Construction* sector was 98,900 compared with a peak of 249,900 in Q4 2006. *See table 1, table 2b and graph opposite.*

There was an increase of 3,800 in the numbers employed part-time, with male part-time employment increasing 7,200 over the year while female part-time employment decreased by 3,200 over the same period. *See table 1.*

With the exception of *Professional* (+11,000) and *Associate professional and technical* (+1,700), all occupational groups showed a decline in employment over the year. The largest decreases were recorded in the *Craft and related* (-27,300), *Other* (-23,200) and *Personal and protective service* (-10,900) groups. *See table 4.*

There were 1,536,900 employees in the second quarter of 2010 representing an annual decrease of 57,100 or 3.6%. The estimated number of self-employed persons in Q2 2010 was 306,700, a decrease of 23,300 or 7.1% over the year. *See table 6.*

Number of unemployed increases to 293,600

There were 200,100 males and 93,600 females unemployed in the second quarter of 2010, bringing the total number of unemployed up to 293,600, an increase of 29,000 (+11.0%) in the year. The number of unemployed males increased by 13,200 (+7.1%), with female unemployment increasing by 15,900 (+20.5%). *See table 1 and table 13.*

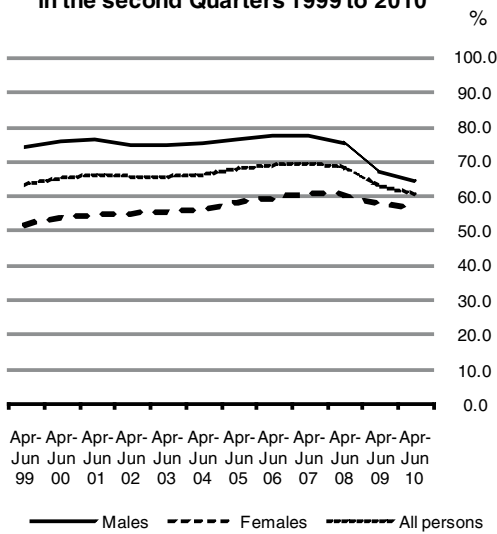
On a seasonally adjusted basis the number of persons unemployed increased by 6,300 between Q1 2010 and Q2 2010. *See table 3.*

The unemployment rate increased from 12.0% to 13.6% over the year. This brings the unemployment rate to a level comparable with that last recorded in 1994 and 1995 when the unemployment rates were 14.7% and 12.2% respectively. The male unemployment rate was 16.7% and the female unemployment rate was 9.8% in Q2 2010. *See table 1.*

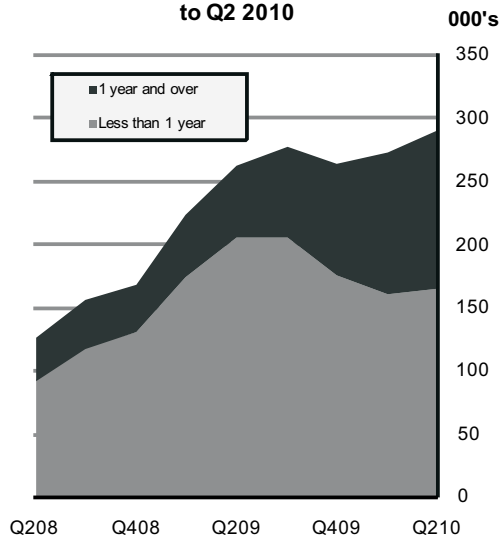
Seasonally adjusted, the male and female unemployment rates stood at 16.2% and 9.5% respectively in the second quarter of 2010. *See table 3.*

In the second quarter of 2010 the unemployment rate among persons aged 15-19 was 40.6% while for persons aged 20-24 a rate of 25.8% was recorded. This

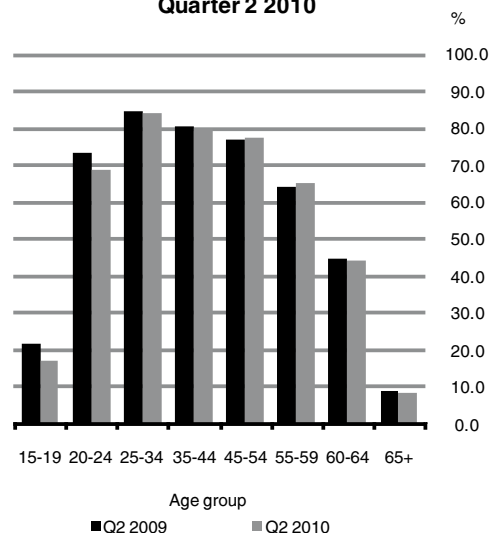
Employment rates for persons aged 15 to 64 classified by sex, in the second Quarters 1999 to 2010



Number of persons unemployed by duration of unemployment, Q2 2008 to Q2 2010



ILO participation rates classified by age group, Quarter 2 2009 and Quarter 2 2010



compares with 36.4% and 23.0% for 15-19 year olds and 20-24 year olds respectively in Q2 2009 and rates of 19.6% and 10.4% respectively in Q2 2008. Significantly lower unemployment rates were recorded among older age groups. Unemployment rates did increase however for all age groups over the year and this pattern was seen for both males and females. See table 1, table 14 and table 16.

Long-term unemployment rate increases to 5.9%

In the year to Q2 2010, the number of long-term unemployed persons increased by 69,700, bringing total long-term unemployment to 127,000. The long-term unemployment rate now stands at 5.9% compared with 2.6% in the second quarter of 2009 and 1.5% in the second quarter of 2008. As of Q2 2010, long-term unemployment accounted for 43.3% of total unemployment compared with 21.7% a year earlier. Long-term unemployment constitutes a larger proportion of total unemployment among males than females (48.3% compared with 32.5%). See table 16, table 17, table 18 and graph opposite.

Total short-term unemployment was 164,100 in the second quarter of 2010, a decrease of 40,800 on an annual basis. This continues the trend first seen in Q1 2010 where the short-term unemployment fell on an annual basis for the first time since Q1 2005. In the year to Q2 2009, short-term unemployment had increased by 113,000. See table 16, table 17, table 18 and graph opposite.

Decline in labour force driven by falling participation

There were 2,152,700 persons in the labour force in the second quarter of 2010, an annual decrease of 2.3% (-50,400). Just over 68% of the decline in the size of the labour market is attributable to a decline in participation of 34,500. See table 1, table 8 and table 9.

In addition to changes in participation, the labour force is also affected by changes in the number of persons of working age in the State (demographic effect). Up to the start of 2008 this demographic effect had been adding 60,000 or more to the labour force on an annual basis, primarily driven by net inward migration. With the decline in inward migration the demographic effect declined through 2008 and became negative in Q3 2009. In Q2 2010 this negative demographic effect contributed just under 16,000 to the overall decline in the labour force.

The broadest survey-based labour supply indicator, S3, which included persons outside the labour force who show some interest in obtaining work as well as the unemployed increased from 15.8% in the second quarter of 2009 to 17.9% in the second quarter of 2010. See table 20.

Overall participation rate continues to fall

The overall participation rate declined from 62.5% in Q2 2009 to 61.3% in Q2 2010. The male participation rate decreased from 71.3% to 69.4% in the year while the female participation rate declined from 54.0% to 53.5% over the same period. The greatest fall in participation rates were seen among persons in the youngest age groups. See table 8, table 9 and graph opposite.

- ◆ The participation rate among 15-19 year olds fell by 4.9 percentage points from 22.1% to 17.2% over the year. A rate of 26.3% had been recorded in Q2 2008;
- ◆ Among 20-24 year olds a fall of 4.7 percentage points was recorded (from 73.6% to 68.9%). The participation rate among 20-24 year olds had been 76.0% in Q2 2008;
- ◆ Among older age groups participation rates remained relatively static over the year.

Number of people not in the labour force grows by 2.9%

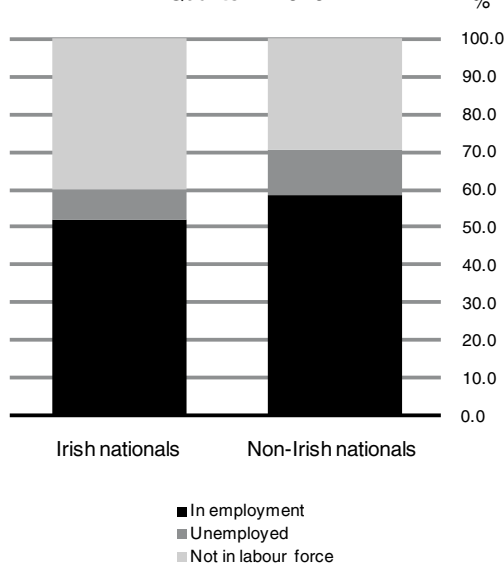
In the year to Q2 2010 the number of people defined as not in the labour force grew by 38,900 to 1,359,700 (+2.9%), while in the year to Q2 2009 the number of people not in the labour force increased by 45,500 (+3.6%). See table 1.

Non-Irish national labour force declines by 15%

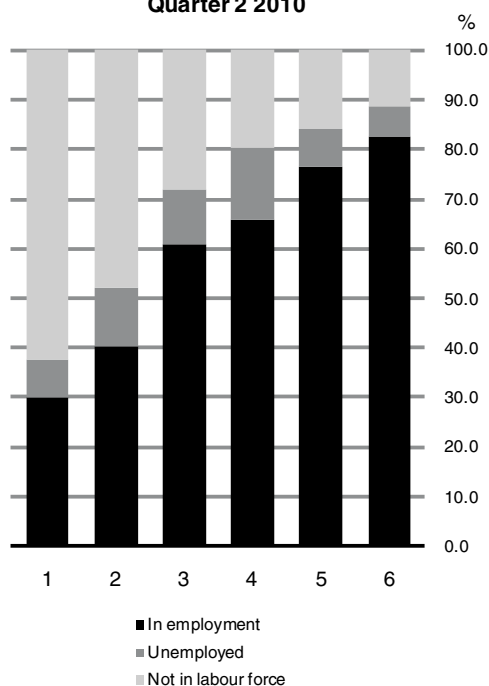
Broad indicative estimates of the labour force status of non-Irish nationals are presented in the annex.

In the second quarter of 2010 the estimated number of non-Irish nationals in the labour force was 276,500, a decrease of 48,900 or 15.0% in the year. A decrease of 35,200 had been recorded in the year to Q2 2009. The number of Irish nationals in

ILO Economic Status classified by nationality, Quarter 2 2010



ILO Economic Status classified by highest level of educational attainment, Quarter 2 2010



KEY

- 1- Primary or below
- 2- Lower secondary
- 3- Higher secondary
- 4- Post leaving cert
- 5- Third level non-honours degree
- 6- Third level honours degree or above

the labour force was almost static in the year, decreasing by 1,500 to 1,876,200. See table A1 in the annex.

According to ILO criteria, 229,600 non-Irish nationals were in employment in Q2 2010 representing a decrease of 45,000 (-16.4%) over the year. A further 46,800 were unemployed, a decrease of 4,000 in the year to Q2 2010. Nationals of the EU15 to EU27 States showed a decline in employment of 16,100 (-13.0%) and a decrease in unemployment of 2,600 (-9.0%) over the year. See table A1 in the annex and graph opposite.

In the second quarter of 2010 non-Irish nationals accounted for 12.4% of all persons aged 15 and over in employment. This compares with 14.2% in Q2 2009 and 15.8% in Q2 2008. Non-Irish nationals accounted for 27.5% of workers in *Accommodation and food service activities*, 19.2% in *Administrative and support service activities* and 17.7% in *Information and communication*. The largest decreases in employment for non-Irish nationals occurred in the *Accommodation and food service activities* (-8,500) and *Construction* (-6,900) sectors. See table A2 in the annex.

Educational Attainment

The unemployment rate among persons with a third level honours degree or above was 6.7% in Q2 2010 compared with 9.0% for persons with a third level non-honours degree and rates of 15.4% or higher among persons with lower levels of educational attainment. The participation rate among persons with a third level honours degree or above was 88.5% in Q2 2010 falling to 37.8% for persons with primary or below as their highest level of education. See table 23a and graph opposite.

A new table, table 23b, which was first introduced in the release for Q1 2010 is again included. This table focuses on the labour market status of those who left school with a highest level of education of lower secondary or below. The table also presents comparative information for other groups in the labour market by age and educational attainment.

In Q2 2010, 31% of all persons aged 18-24 who had left education with a highest level of educational attainment of lower secondary or below (the group known as early school leavers by international convention) were in employment compared with 33% in Q2 2009 and 55% in Q2 2007. In addition, 30% of all early school leavers aged 18-24 were classified as unemployed in the second quarter of 2010 compared to 17% in Q2 2007. A higher proportion of other persons aged 18-24 (i.e. persons who had completed higher secondary education or above) were in employment (44%) while a lower proportion were unemployed (15%) in Q2 2010. See table 23b.

Almost half (47%) of those persons aged 25-64 whose highest educational attainment level was lower secondary or below were in employment in Q2 2010, compared with three quarters (74%) of other persons aged 25-64. See table 23b.

Regional Comparisons

Employment fell by 23,600 (-4.8%) in the Border, Midland and Western region and by 55,700 (-3.9%) in the Southern and Eastern region in the year to the second quarter of 2010. There was an increase of 28,500 (+15.2%) in the numbers unemployed in the Southern and Eastern region while the number of unemployed persons in the Border, Midland and Western region was relatively unchanged over the year. See table 7a.

The participation rate in the Border, Midland and Western region was 58.6% compared with a participation rate of 62.3% in the Southern and Eastern region. See table 7a.

At NUTS3 level, employment fell over the year in all regions with the South-East (-5.6%) and the West (-5.5%) regions showing the largest percentage decreases. This equated to an annual decrease of 11,300 in the numbers in employment in the South-East and an annual decrease of 10,600 in the West region. All regional data is based on the location of the respondents' usual address. See table 7b.

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Table 1 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by sex and ILO Economic Status

'000

ILO Economic Status	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
In labour force	1,274.4	1,235.0	1,238.9	1,232.0	1,205.3	1,191.1	1,196.2
In employment:	1,190.2	1,076.7	1,052.0	1,040.0	1,016.2	996.3	996.1
full-time	1,097.5	973.4	943.4	923.5	898.3	881.6	880.5
part-time:	92.7	103.2	108.5	116.5	117.8	114.6	115.7
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	88.8	94.9	102.0	108.0	110.4	106.9	107.8
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	4.0	8.3	6.5	8.6	7.4	7.7	7.9
Unemployed:	84.2	158.4	186.9	192.0	189.1	194.9	200.1
seeking full-time work	79.6	153.5	181.1	185.7	183.8	190.6	195.5
seeking part-time work	4.6	4.8	5.8	6.3	5.3	4.2	4.6
Not in labour force	466.8	508.4	498.1	506.4	528.6	539.4	528.7
Marginally attached to the Labour Force	6.8	10.2	10.2	12.6	15.8	16.3	15.0
Others	460.1	498.2	488.0	493.9	512.8	523.1	513.7
Total males aged 15 or over	1,741.2	1,743.5	1,737.0	1,738.4	1,733.8	1,730.6	1,724.9
Unemployment rate %	6.6	12.8	15.1	15.6	15.7	16.4	16.7
Participation rate %	73.2	70.8	71.3	70.9	69.5	68.8	69.4
Females							
In labour force	965.2	953.4	964.2	970.3	949.9	941.5	956.5
In employment:	922.7	888.9	886.5	882.4	871.6	861.4	863.0
full-time	624.9	586.8	588.7	586.9	569.9	562.9	568.4
part-time:	297.7	302.1	297.8	295.6	301.6	298.5	294.6
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	293.8	294.0	290.8	288.8	293.9	292.2	286.3
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	3.9	8.1	7.0	6.7	7.8	6.3	8.2
Unemployed:	42.6	64.5	77.7	87.9	78.4	80.2	93.6
seeking full-time work	28.8	49.3	62.9	70.7	63.9	65.6	75.5
seeking part-time work	13.8	15.1	14.8	17.2	14.4	14.5	18.1
Not in labour force	808.5	834.6	822.6	817.5	837.2	843.9	831.0
Marginally attached to the Labour Force	4.1	5.4	5.1	7.1	6.1	7.0	6.5
Others	804.4	829.3	817.6	810.4	831.1	836.9	824.5
Total females aged 15 or over	1,773.7	1,788.0	1,786.8	1,787.8	1,787.2	1,785.4	1,787.5
Unemployment rate %	4.4	6.8	8.1	9.1	8.3	8.5	9.8
Participation rate %	54.4	53.3	54.0	54.3	53.2	52.7	53.5
All persons							
In labour force	2,239.6	2,188.4	2,203.1	2,202.3	2,155.2	2,132.7	2,152.7
In employment:	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1
full-time	1,722.4	1,560.2	1,532.1	1,510.3	1,468.3	1,444.5	1,448.9
part-time:	390.5	405.4	406.4	412.1	419.5	413.1	410.2
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	382.6	388.9	392.8	396.8	404.3	399.1	394.1
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	7.9	16.5	13.6	15.3	15.2	14.0	16.1
Unemployed:	126.7	222.8	264.6	279.8	267.4	275.0	293.6
seeking full-time work	108.4	202.9	244.0	256.4	247.7	256.3	271.0
seeking part-time work	18.4	19.9	20.6	23.5	19.7	18.8	22.7
Not in labour force	1,275.3	1,343.1	1,320.8	1,323.9	1,365.8	1,383.3	1,359.7
Marginally attached to the Labour Force	10.9	15.6	15.2	19.7	21.9	23.3	21.4
Others	1,264.5	1,327.5	1,305.6	1,304.2	1,343.9	1,360.0	1,338.2
Total persons aged 15 or over	3,514.9	3,531.5	3,523.8	3,526.2	3,521.0	3,516.0	3,512.4
Unemployment rate %	5.7	10.2	12.0	12.7	12.4	12.9	13.6
Participation rate %	63.7	62.0	62.5	62.5	61.2	60.7	61.3

¹ See Background Notes.

Table 2a Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by sex and Broad NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector

	'000						
Broad economic sector (NACE Rev. 2)	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
A Agriculture	101.6	91.2	87.3	86.7	81.2	72.7	75.4
B-F Industry	438.1	356.5	328.3	320.9	304.9	295.5	288.2
G-U Services	650.6	628.9	636.4	632.4	630.1	628.2	632.6
Females							
A Agriculture	13.2	10.3	9.9	9.2	8.3	8.0	9.5
B-F Industry	90.6	86.0	85.5	82.7	78.7	76.0	77.2
G-U Services	818.8	792.6	791.0	790.6	784.6	777.4	776.2
All persons							
A Agriculture	114.8	101.5	97.2	95.9	89.5	80.6	84.9
B-F Industry	528.7	442.6	413.8	403.6	383.6	371.5	365.4
G-U Services	1,469.4	1,421.5	1,427.5	1,423.0	1,414.6	1,405.6	1,408.7
Total persons	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1

Table 2b Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by sex and NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector

	'000						
Economic sector (NACE Rev. 2)	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	101.6	91.2	87.3	86.7	81.2	72.7	75.4
B-E Industry	209.8	187.2	184.3	179.6	178.4	176.7	173.0
F Construction	228.2	169.3	143.9	141.2	126.5	118.8	115.2
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	153.9	135.8	134.2	130.6	128.8	131.1	135.7
H Transportation and storage	75.4	76.7	78.1	79.3	76.0	75.4	73.0
I Accommodation and food service activities	51.5	51.9	54.5	55.6	55.5	55.9	54.1
J Information and communication	49.0	51.2	51.0	50.1	50.3	52.6	51.5
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	44.2	44.6	48.3	47.8	49.8	48.6	50.0
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	67.7	64.1	63.4	62.3	62.4	60.5	59.7
N Administrative and support service activities	39.1	32.7	33.3	33.2	30.2	29.2	30.7
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	50.9	53.9	53.0	52.9	54.5	53.3	55.7
P Education	39.3	40.5	39.9	37.8	39.2	40.3	39.7
Q Human health and social work activities	37.7	37.4	41.2	40.7	42.7	42.1	42.6
R-U Other NACE activities	41.9	40.2	39.6	42.1	40.7	39.2	39.9
Total males	1,190.2	1,076.7	1,052.0	1,040.0	1,016.2	996.3	996.1
Females							
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	13.2	10.3	9.9	9.2	8.3	8.0	9.5
B-E Industry	77.5	75.5	74.0	72.5	68.5	65.7	67.2
F Construction	13.1	10.5	11.5	10.3	10.2	10.3	10.1
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	153.5	148.1	143.5	141.2	136.8	135.7	133.4
H Transportation and storage	17.5	16.6	16.5	16.8	17.2	17.5	16.7
I Accommodation and food service activities	74.0	66.2	65.4	67.7	65.0	67.8	65.7
J Information and communication	22.1	21.5	22.5	22.4	22.2	21.5	22.6
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	60.9	58.9	60.5	61.8	56.6	54.9	53.2
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	48.9	39.7	39.2	38.9	41.5	41.4	41.2
N Administrative and support service activities	37.1	33.8	32.7	34.0	32.0	29.8	30.6
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	51.8	51.8	54.7	52.5	52.7	52.6	52.1
P Education	107.1	110.0	110.5	101.4	108.7	107.3	110.1
Q Human health and social work activities	183.1	185.1	186.6	192.8	191.1	189.9	192.3
R-U Other NACE activities	62.8	60.9	59.1	61.1	60.7	59.0	58.2
Total females	922.7	888.9	886.5	882.4	871.6	861.4	863.0
All persons							
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	114.8	101.5	97.2	95.9	89.5	80.6	84.9
B-E Industry	287.3	262.7	258.3	252.1	246.9	242.4	240.1
F Construction	241.4	179.9	155.4	151.5	136.7	129.1	125.3
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	307.3	283.9	277.7	271.8	265.6	266.8	269.1
H Transportation and storage	92.9	93.3	94.6	96.1	93.2	92.8	89.7
I Accommodation and food service activities	125.4	118.2	119.8	123.3	120.4	123.7	119.8
J Information and communication	71.1	72.7	73.5	72.5	72.5	74.1	74.1
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	105.1	103.5	108.7	109.6	106.4	103.5	103.2
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	116.6	103.8	102.6	101.2	103.9	101.9	100.9
N Administrative and support service activities	76.3	66.5	65.9	67.2	62.2	59.1	61.3
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	102.7	105.7	107.7	105.3	107.2	106.0	107.8
P Education	146.3	150.5	150.4	139.2	148.0	147.5	149.8
Q Human health and social work activities	220.8	222.4	227.8	233.5	233.7	232.0	234.9
R-U Other NACE activities	104.7	101.1	98.7	103.3	101.4	98.2	98.1
Total persons	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1

Table 3 Seasonally Adjusted Series¹ of persons aged 15 years and over classified by sex, ILO Economic Status and NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector

ILO Economic Status/ NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
In labour force	1,276.2	1,243.2	1,240.3	1,220.1	1,207.7	1,199.4	1,197.2
In employment:	1,195.2	1,085.1	1,056.6	1,029.4	1,013.9	1,004.5	1,000.7
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	102.3	92.7	87.9	86.1	79.7	74.2	75.9
B-E Industry	210.3	189.9	184.5	177.3	178.2	179.0	173.2
F Construction	231.1	171.2	146.0	138.9	125.4	120.1	117.0
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	153.3	136.3	133.3	130.3	129.6	131.6	134.6
H Transportation and storage	75.7	77.3	78.5	78.1	76.2	75.9	73.5
I Accommodation and food service activities	52.1	51.5	55.3	54.1	56.6	55.6	54.9
J Information and communication	48.6	50.4	50.7	51.3	50.4	51.6	51.2
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	44.2	45.4	48.3	47.6	49.1	49.5	49.9
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	68.2	64.4	63.8	62.1	61.9	60.9	60.0
N Administrative and support service activities	38.8	33.5	33.0	32.2	30.7	30.0	30.3
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	51.2	53.9	53.3	52.5	54.6	53.4	55.9
P Education	38.5	40.0	39.2	39.8	38.4	39.8	39.1
Q Human health and social work activities	37.7	38.3	41.2	40.4	42.1	43.1	42.6
R-U Other NACE activities	42.4	40.5	40.2	40.8	41.0	39.6	40.5
Unemployed	82.2	157.2	182.3	188.9	198.7	193.9	194.7
Unemployment rate %	6.4	12.6	14.7	15.5	16.5	16.2	16.2
Participation rate %	73.1	71.4	71.2	70.3	69.7	69.4	69.2
Females							
In labour force	963.2	962.6	961.9	958.8	954.2	951.4	953.8
In employment:	923.3	893.8	887.0	877.5	871.1	866.3	863.4
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	12.9	10.6	9.6	9.1	8.4	8.3	9.2
B-E Industry	77.1	76.3	73.6	70.7	69.9	66.4	66.9
F Construction	12.9	10.6	11.4	10.3	10.2	10.4	10.0
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	155.3	147.7	145.1	139.9	137.1	135.3	134.8
H Transportation and storage	17.5	16.1	16.5	16.9	17.5	17.1	16.8
I Accommodation and food service activities	74.4	66.4	66.0	65.5	66.4	67.9	66.4
J Information and communication	21.6	21.7	22.0	22.6	22.3	21.8	22.0
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	61.2	60.1	60.7	61.7	55.3	56.2	53.4
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	48.7	40.1	39.0	39.0	41.1	41.8	41.1
N Administrative and support service activities	37.2	34.1	32.8	33.1	32.5	30.1	30.8
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	51.9	52.6	54.9	51.6	52.6	53.4	52.2
P Education	105.5	109.1	108.6	106.6	106.2	106.6	108.0
Q Human health and social work activities	184.1	186.2	187.6	191.0	190.6	191.1	193.4
R-U Other NACE activities	63.8	61.2	60.1	60.4	60.0	59.3	59.3
Unemployed	41.1	67.8	75.0	81.2	84.0	84.7	90.4
Unemployment rate %	4.2	7.1	7.8	8.5	8.9	8.9	9.5
Participation rate %	54.2	53.8	53.8	53.7	53.5	53.2	53.3
All persons							
In labour force	2,237.1	2,206.4	2,199.2	2,180.0	2,163.0	2,151.6	2,147.9
In employment:	2,117.8	1,978.8	1,942.9	1,907.1	1,885.4	1,870.8	1,863.2
A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	115.4	104.0	97.5	94.4	88.2	83.1	85.0
B-E Industry	288.0	266.2	258.8	247.7	247.7	245.3	240.7
F Construction	244.4	182.0	157.6	149.1	135.3	130.6	127.3
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	308.8	283.9	278.6	269.8	266.8	266.8	269.7
H Transportation and storage	93.1	93.4	95.0	94.9	93.8	92.9	90.3
I Accommodation and food service activities	126.1	118.0	121.0	119.6	123.3	123.4	121.1
J Information and communication	70.1	72.2	72.5	73.5	73.1	73.5	73.1
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	105.1	105.6	108.5	108.7	105.2	105.9	102.9
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	117.0	104.4	102.8	101.5	102.7	102.7	101.0
N Administrative and support service activities	76.5	67.2	66.1	65.4	63.0	59.9	61.6
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	102.9	106.9	107.8	104.1	107.1	107.3	107.7
P Education	143.7	149.2	147.5	146.3	145.0	146.4	146.8
Q Human health and social work activities	221.7	224.2	228.8	231.4	232.8	234.0	235.8
R-U Other NACE activities	106.5	102.1	100.5	100.8	101.0	99.3	99.9
Unemployed	122.8	224.9	256.7	270.8	282.3	278.2	284.5
Unemployment rate %	5.5	10.2	11.6	12.4	13.1	12.9	13.2
Participation rate %	63.6	62.5	62.4	61.9	61.5	61.2	61.1

¹ See Background Notes.

Table 4 Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by sex and occupation

'000

Broad occupational group	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
1. Managers and administrators	224.6	215.7	219.1	217.6	212.6	202.3	207.6
2. Professional	125.8	122.4	122.4	121.2	125.5	127.5	125.3
3. Associate professional and technical	81.0	82.9	81.2	80.0	83.1	82.0	80.7
4. Clerical and secretarial	61.4	60.8	59.4	59.1	59.8	60.0	61.2
5. Craft and related	270.1	221.6	202.4	199.0	181.4	178.1	173.5
6. Personal and protective service	88.3	88.1	88.5	89.2	86.1	85.8	87.7
7. Sales	72.7	64.8	64.7	66.3	66.2	66.8	65.6
8. Plant and machine operatives	148.2	124.7	118.5	119.5	117.1	113.7	113.1
9. Other	118.0	95.6	95.8	88.1	84.4	80.1	81.3
Total males	1,190.2	1,076.7	1,052.0	1,040.0	1,016.2	996.3	996.1
Females							
1. Managers and administrators	107.5	101.9	104.1	110.0	105.3	105.2	105.8
2. Professional	124.3	123.6	123.6	121.1	126.5	124.6	131.7
3. Associate professional and technical	112.8	111.8	111.1	113.7	111.8	112.1	113.3
4. Clerical and secretarial	196.3	188.5	187.4	182.6	182.8	183.4	180.5
5. Craft and related	12.0	10.8	8.2	8.6	9.2	9.3	9.8
6. Personal and protective service	157.7	156.3	153.5	156.7	151.7	150.1	143.3
7. Sales	112.1	106.6	106.4	104.2	101.6	98.0	95.7
8. Plant and machine operatives	24.9	25.0	21.7	21.6	20.7	19.6	21.2
9. Other	75.0	64.5	70.4	63.8	62.0	58.9	61.7
Total females	922.7	888.9	886.5	882.4	871.6	861.4	863.0
All persons							
1. Managers and administrators	332.2	317.6	323.2	327.6	317.9	307.5	313.4
2. Professional	250.2	245.9	246.0	242.3	252.0	252.1	257.0
3. Associate professional and technical	193.8	194.7	192.3	193.7	194.8	194.1	194.0
4. Clerical and secretarial	257.6	249.3	246.8	241.8	242.6	243.4	241.7
5. Craft and related	282.1	232.3	210.6	207.6	190.7	187.5	183.3
6. Personal and protective service	246.1	244.5	242.0	245.9	237.8	235.9	231.1
7. Sales	184.8	171.4	171.1	170.5	167.8	164.9	161.3
8. Plant and machine operatives	173.1	149.7	140.2	141.1	137.8	133.3	134.3
9. Other	193.0	160.2	166.2	151.9	146.4	139.0	143.0
Total persons	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1

Table 5 Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by sex and usual hours of work

'000

Usual hours of work per week	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
1-9 hours	8.9	8.6	9.1	8.1	9.0	10.6	8.6
10-19	21.4	24.5	23.4	25.5	27.5	25.4	26.0
20-29	53.0	57.1	60.7	61.9	62.5	61.8	64.3
30-34	23.7	25.7	27.6	28.2	26.2	26.3	24.2
35-39	420.2	369.7	357.2	349.7	338.0	339.3	330.2
40-44	293.0	259.7	242.1	238.1	240.4	229.3	232.8
45 & over	198.2	157.2	153.3	157.5	150.2	142.8	147.9
Variable hours ¹	171.8	174.3	178.4	171.1	162.3	160.8	162.2
Total males	1,190.2	1,076.7	1,052.0	1,040.0	1,016.2	996.3	996.1
<i>Average hours per week</i>	<i>40.3</i>	<i>39.6</i>	<i>39.5</i>	<i>39.7</i>	<i>39.4</i>	<i>39.3</i>	<i>39.4</i>
Females							
1-9 hours	28.2	29.1	26.7	23.8	26.2	28.4	25.7
10-19	95.2	98.0	96.9	96.5	98.5	95.9	97.8
20-29	186.5	186.5	187.5	183.4	184.7	179.7	180.1
30-34	68.4	69.0	70.3	66.3	65.7	67.6	68.4
35-39	341.6	321.1	322.1	325.3	309.0	308.2	299.4
40-44	115.4	106.1	99.7	101.3	102.8	96.2	102.4
45 & over	31.2	25.1	26.1	29.0	27.8	26.4	29.3
Variable hours ¹	56.2	54.0	57.2	56.7	57.0	59.1	59.9
Total females	922.7	888.9	886.5	882.4	871.6	861.4	863.0
<i>Average hours per week</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>30.8</i>	<i>30.8</i>	<i>31.1</i>	<i>30.8</i>	<i>30.7</i>	<i>30.9</i>
All persons							
1-9 hours	37.1	37.7	35.9	31.9	35.1	39.0	34.3
10-19	116.6	122.5	120.4	122.1	126.1	121.2	123.8
20-29	239.5	243.6	248.2	245.2	247.2	241.5	244.3
30-34	92.1	94.7	98.0	94.5	91.9	93.9	92.6
35-39	761.8	690.8	679.3	675.0	647.0	647.5	629.6
40-44	408.4	365.8	341.8	339.5	343.2	325.4	335.2
45 & over	229.4	182.3	179.4	186.5	177.9	169.2	177.2
Variable hours ¹	228.0	228.3	235.6	227.7	219.3	219.9	222.1
Total persons	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1
<i>Average hours per week</i>	<i>36.2</i>	<i>35.4</i>	<i>35.3</i>	<i>35.5</i>	<i>35.2</i>	<i>35.1</i>	<i>35.2</i>

¹ Includes 'not stated'.

Table 6 Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by employment status

'000

Employment status	Apr-Jun 08	Jan-Mar 09	Apr-Jun 09	Jul-Sep 09	Oct-Dec 09	Jan-Mar 10	Apr-Jun 10
Males							
Self employed (with paid employees)	98.3	88.6	88.1	85.6	83.0	79.6	78.0
Self employed (with no paid employees)	189.1	185.9	183.4	183.5	180.9	168.4	169.4
Employee	895.4	795.4	773.5	762.5	745.7	742.0	741.0
Assisting relative	7.3	6.8	7.0	8.3	6.6	6.4	7.7
Total males	1,190.2	1,076.7	1,052.0	1,040.0	1,016.2	996.3	996.1
Females							
Self employed (with paid employees)	21.9	21.0	22.3	22.5	22.1	21.0	20.9
Self employed (with no paid employees)	39.9	37.5	36.2	36.8	37.2	38.8	38.4
Employee	852.8	822.4	820.6	814.7	804.9	793.9	795.9
Assisting relative	8.1	8.0	7.4	8.5	7.3	7.6	7.8
Total females	922.7	888.9	886.5	882.4	871.6	861.4	863.0
All persons							
Self employed (with paid employees)	120.2	109.5	110.4	108.1	105.1	100.6	98.9
Self employed (with no paid employees)	229.0	223.4	219.6	220.3	218.1	207.2	207.8
Employee	1,748.3	1,617.8	1,594.0	1,577.3	1,550.7	1,535.9	1,536.9
Assisting relative	15.3	14.8	14.4	16.8	13.9	14.0	15.5
Total persons	2,112.8	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1

Table 7a Persons aged 15 years and over classified by NUTS2 regions¹ and ILO Economic Status

Region (NUTS2)	In employment	Unemployed	In labour force	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Border, Midland and Western					
Apr-Jun 2008	540.6	38.8	579.4	6.7	62.0
Jan-Mar 2009	501.5	64.7	566.2	11.4	59.7
Apr-Jun 2009	496.5	77.6	574.1	13.5	60.7
Jul-Sep 2009	495.4	81.5	577.0	14.1	60.9
Oct-Dec 2009	482.5	73.7	556.2	13.2	58.6
Jan-Mar 2010	480.1	70.8	550.9	12.8	58.0
Apr-Jun 2010	472.9	78.1	551.0	14.2	58.6
Southern and Eastern					
Apr-Jun 2008	1,572.3	87.9	1,660.2	5.3	64.3
Jan-Mar 2009	1,464.1	158.1	1,622.3	9.7	62.8
Apr-Jun 2009	1,441.9	187.0	1,628.9	11.5	63.2
Jul-Sep 2009	1,427.0	198.3	1,625.3	12.2	63.0
Oct-Dec 2009	1,405.2	193.8	1,599.0	12.1	62.2
Jan-Mar 2010	1,377.6	204.3	1,581.8	12.9	61.6
Apr-Jun 2010	1,386.2	215.5	1,601.7	13.5	62.3
State					
Apr-Jun 2008	2,112.8	126.7	2,239.6	5.7	63.7
Jan-Mar 2009	1,965.6	222.8	2,188.4	10.2	62.0
Apr-Jun 2009	1,938.5	264.6	2,203.1	12.0	62.5
Jul-Sep 2009	1,922.4	279.8	2,202.3	12.7	62.5
Oct-Dec 2009	1,887.7	267.4	2,155.2	12.4	61.2
Jan-Mar 2010	1,857.6	275.0	2,132.7	12.9	60.7
Apr-Jun 2010	1,859.1	293.6	2,152.7	13.6	61.3

¹ See Background Notes.

Table 7b Persons aged 15 years and over classified by NUTS3 regions¹ and ILO Economic Status

Region (NUTS3)		In employment	Unemployed	In labour force	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
		'000	'000	'000	%	%
Border	Apr-Jun 2008	216.0	15.8	231.8	6.8	59.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	198.8	26.2	225.0	11.7	56.9
	Apr-Jun 2009	194.6	30.0	224.6	13.4	57.2
	Jul-Sep 2009	196.8	31.9	228.7	14.0	58.1
	Oct-Dec 2009	188.8	28.9	217.7	13.3	55.2
	Jan-Mar 2010	187.8	23.6	211.5	11.2	53.8
	Apr-Jun 2010	187.3	28.7	216.0	13.3	55.4
Midland	Apr-Jun 2008	119.6	9.0	128.6	7.0	62.0
	Jan-Mar 2009	109.9	14.6	124.5	11.7	59.4
	Apr-Jun 2009	108.6	18.4	127.0	14.5	60.7
	Jul-Sep 2009	109.9	18.9	128.8	14.7	61.3
	Oct-Dec 2009	108.2	18.3	126.5	14.4	60.1
	Jan-Mar 2010	108.2	18.9	127.1	14.8	60.1
	Apr-Jun 2010	102.8	17.5	120.3	14.5	57.4
West	Apr-Jun 2008	205.0	13.9	219.0	6.4	64.4
	Jan-Mar 2009	192.8	23.8	216.6	11.0	63.1
	Apr-Jun 2009	193.4	29.2	222.5	13.1	64.7
	Jul-Sep 2009	188.7	30.7	219.4	14.0	63.9
	Oct-Dec 2009	185.5	26.5	212.0	12.5	61.7
	Jan-Mar 2010	184.0	28.3	212.3	13.3	61.5
	Apr-Jun 2010	182.8	32.0	214.7	14.9	63.1
Dublin	Apr-Jun 2008	616.9	32.7	649.7	5.0	65.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	571.8	55.6	627.4	8.9	64.1
	Apr-Jun 2009	561.7	64.6	626.3	10.3	64.1
	Jul-Sep 2009	553.4	68.5	621.9	11.0	63.7
	Oct-Dec 2009	550.4	66.9	617.4	10.8	63.5
	Jan-Mar 2010	540.3	66.9	607.2	11.0	62.8
	Apr-Jun 2010	535.6	69.5	605.2	11.5	62.6
Mid-East	Apr-Jun 2008	254.1	12.1	266.2	4.5	67.1
	Jan-Mar 2009	237.4	24.2	261.6	9.2	64.8
	Apr-Jun 2009	236.2	28.5	264.7	10.8	65.9
	Jul-Sep 2009	234.7	31.9	266.5	12.0	66.1
	Oct-Dec 2009	235.0	30.3	265.4	11.4	65.8
	Jan-Mar 2010	230.9	34.8	265.7	13.1	65.9
	Apr-Jun 2010	232.9	34.6	267.5	12.9	65.9
Mid-West	Apr-Jun 2008	172.7	11.4	184.1	6.2	62.4
	Jan-Mar 2009	159.1	20.4	179.5	11.4	60.7
	Apr-Jun 2009	156.8	23.4	180.2	13.0	61.0
	Jul-Sep 2009	153.6	24.5	178.2	13.8	60.7
	Oct-Dec 2009	152.5	25.2	177.7	14.2	60.9
	Jan-Mar 2010	147.9	25.9	173.7	14.9	59.5
	Apr-Jun 2010	149.9	29.2	179.0	16.3	60.7
South-East	Apr-Jun 2008	225.4	14.6	240.1	6.1	62.5
	Jan-Mar 2009	212.4	26.6	239.0	11.1	61.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	203.5	35.1	238.6	14.7	61.3
	Jul-Sep 2009	202.5	36.1	238.6	15.1	61.2
	Oct-Dec 2009	194.0	36.2	230.2	15.7	59.0
	Jan-Mar 2010	189.8	39.9	229.7	17.4	58.7
	Apr-Jun 2010	192.2	42.6	234.9	18.1	59.9
South-West	Apr-Jun 2008	303.1	17.1	320.2	5.3	62.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	283.4	31.3	314.7	9.9	60.9
	Apr-Jun 2009	283.7	35.4	319.1	11.1	61.9
	Jul-Sep 2009	282.9	37.2	320.1	11.6	62.0
	Oct-Dec 2009	273.3	35.1	308.5	11.4	59.9
	Jan-Mar 2010	268.7	36.8	305.5	12.1	59.6
	Apr-Jun 2010	275.6	39.6	315.2	12.6	61.4
State	Apr-Jun 2008	2,112.8	126.7	2,239.6	5.7	63.7
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,965.6	222.8	2,188.4	10.2	62.0
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,938.5	264.6	2,203.1	12.0	62.5
	Jul-Sep 2009	1,922.4	279.8	2,202.3	12.7	62.5
	Oct-Dec 2009	1,887.7	267.4	2,155.2	12.4	61.2
	Jan-Mar 2010	1,857.6	275.0	2,132.7	12.9	60.7
	Apr-Jun 2010	1,859.1	293.6	2,152.7	13.6	61.3

¹ See Background Notes.

Table 8 Labour force participation rates (ILO) classified by sex, age group and marital status, April-June 2010

%

Marital status	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65+	
Males									
Single	18.4	71.0	88.7	83.0	72.3	59.9	40.2	14.5	65.4
Married	*	80.5	94.7	94.9	90.9	77.9	58.7	15.2	74.8
Separated or divorced	*	*	86.1	91.9	79.0	67.9	49.1	12.8	68.5
Widowed	*	*	*	*	72.7	62.5	41.4	7.4	22.6
Total males	18.4	71.3	90.6	91.7	86.9	74.2	55.2	14.0	69.4
Females									
Single	15.8	67.4	80.7	74.9	75.8	60.1	40.0	5.1	60.3
Married	*	53.8	73.1	67.3	66.1	55.4	31.9	6.2	54.8
Separated or divorced	*	*	72.7	66.9	74.5	55.2	41.1	8.8	60.0
Widowed	*	*	*	49.7	62.9	58.7	31.3	2.6	11.6
Total females	15.9	66.6	77.7	68.9	68.3	56.0	33.3	4.6	53.5
All persons									
Single	17.1	69.2	84.8	79.1	73.9	60.0	40.1	10.3	62.9
Married	*	61.8	82.8	81.3	78.8	67.0	46.0	11.2	65.0
Separated or divorced	*	*	77.2	75.0	76.2	59.7	44.0	10.6	63.2
Widowed	*	*	*	57.0	65.7	60.0	34.3	3.5	14.1
Total persons	17.2	68.9	84.0	80.3	77.6	65.2	44.3	8.8	61.3

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 9 Labour force participation rates (ILO) classified by sex and age group

%

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65+	
Males									
Apr-Jun 2008	27.6	80.5	92.5	92.9	89.2	76.3	60.4	16.5	73.2
Jan-Mar 2009	19.9	73.9	91.5	91.4	88.0	76.9	57.7	15.4	70.8
Apr-Jun 2009	23.2	76.4	91.6	92.4	87.6	76.5	57.2	14.9	71.3
Jul-Sep 2009	23.7	75.7	91.4	91.3	88.0	75.0	56.8	14.7	70.9
Oct-Dec 2009	20.6	71.4	90.4	91.0	87.1	73.1	55.8	14.1	69.5
Jan-Mar 2010	16.6	68.8	89.6	91.1	87.3	72.7	56.4	14.3	68.8
Apr-Jun 2010	18.4	71.3	90.6	91.7	86.9	74.2	55.2	14.0	69.4
Females									
Apr-Jun 2008	24.9	71.5	77.7	68.8	67.1	50.3	33.4	4.5	54.4
Jan-Mar 2009	19.5	67.9	77.3	68.6	66.7	51.6	32.9	4.0	53.3
Apr-Jun 2009	20.8	70.9	77.9	69.0	66.7	52.1	32.1	4.3	54.0
Jul-Sep 2009	21.7	70.2	78.3	69.7	67.6	53.5	31.7	4.2	54.3
Oct-Dec 2009	17.1	67.8	77.4	68.6	67.8	52.6	31.1	4.0	53.2
Jan-Mar 2010	13.8	62.4	77.8	68.5	68.0	54.0	32.1	4.7	52.7
Apr-Jun 2010	15.9	66.6	77.7	68.9	68.3	56.0	33.3	4.6	53.5
All persons									
Apr-Jun 2008	26.3	76.0	85.1	81.0	78.2	63.4	47.0	9.9	63.7
Jan-Mar 2009	19.7	70.8	84.4	80.1	77.3	64.3	45.4	9.1	62.0
Apr-Jun 2009	22.1	73.6	84.7	80.8	77.2	64.4	44.7	9.1	62.5
Jul-Sep 2009	22.7	72.9	84.8	80.6	77.8	64.3	44.3	8.9	62.5
Oct-Dec 2009	18.9	69.5	83.9	79.9	77.5	62.9	43.5	8.5	61.2
Jan-Mar 2010	15.3	65.5	83.6	79.9	77.7	63.4	44.3	9.0	60.7
Apr-Jun 2010	17.2	68.9	84.0	80.3	77.6	65.2	44.3	8.8	61.3

Table 10 Number of persons in the labour force (ILO) classified by sex and age group

'000

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65+	
Males									
Apr-Jun 2008	39.9	133.3	365.0	306.7	243.5	89.3	60.9	35.6	1,274.4
Jan-Mar 2009	28.7	113.2	360.5	303.7	244.5	90.9	59.7	33.8	1,235.0
Apr-Jun 2009	32.9	113.6	357.5	307.3	243.8	90.9	59.7	33.2	1,238.9
Jul-Sep 2009	33.6	111.3	355.1	304.1	246.2	89.1	59.6	33.0	1,232.0
Oct-Dec 2009	29.1	101.9	348.4	302.9	244.9	87.4	58.9	31.8	1,205.3
Jan-Mar 2010	23.3	95.1	343.4	303.9	246.1	87.0	59.9	32.5	1,191.1
Apr-Jun 2010	25.6	95.0	343.3	305.8	246.3	89.2	59.0	32.0	1,196.2
Females									
Apr-Jun 2008	34.8	120.2	303.0	222.1	182.0	57.9	33.1	12.2	965.2
Jan-Mar 2009	27.0	109.5	303.8	224.3	184.0	60.2	33.7	10.9	953.4
Apr-Jun 2009	28.6	110.9	307.5	226.4	185.0	60.9	33.2	11.7	964.2
Jul-Sep 2009	29.7	108.5	307.5	228.8	188.4	62.8	33.0	11.6	970.3
Oct-Dec 2009	23.3	103.3	302.4	225.5	189.8	62.1	32.7	11.0	949.9
Jan-Mar 2010	18.8	92.6	302.3	225.4	191.2	64.1	33.9	13.2	941.5
Apr-Jun 2010	21.4	94.9	304.2	227.8	193.1	66.7	35.4	13.0	956.5
All persons									
Apr-Jun 2008	74.7	253.6	668.0	528.8	425.5	147.2	94.0	47.8	2,239.6
Jan-Mar 2009	55.7	222.6	664.3	528.0	428.5	151.1	93.5	44.8	2,188.4
Apr-Jun 2009	61.5	224.5	664.9	533.7	428.8	151.8	92.9	45.0	2,203.1
Jul-Sep 2009	63.3	219.8	662.6	532.9	434.6	152.0	92.6	44.5	2,202.3
Oct-Dec 2009	52.3	205.2	650.7	528.4	434.7	149.5	91.6	42.8	2,155.2
Jan-Mar 2010	42.0	187.7	645.7	529.3	437.2	151.2	93.8	45.7	2,132.7
Apr-Jun 2010	46.9	189.9	647.5	533.6	439.4	155.9	94.4	45.0	2,152.7

Table 11 Number of persons in employment (ILO) classified by sex and age group

'000

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65+	
Males									
Apr-Jun 2008	31.3	116.2	338.7	291.1	232.7	85.6	59.2	35.5	1,190.2
Jan-Mar 2009	19.4	86.3	305.2	270.6	221.7	83.3	56.6	33.5	1,076.7
Apr-Jun 2009	19.8	79.3	293.2	269.5	218.5	83.9	54.9	32.9	1,052.0
Jul-Sep 2009	21.2	76.1	288.9	267.0	218.2	81.2	55.0	32.6	1,040.0
Oct-Dec 2009	17.5	69.0	285.2	262.4	217.5	79.5	53.8	31.4	1,016.2
Jan-Mar 2010	15.5	63.5	278.0	259.9	214.8	79.0	53.7	31.8	996.3
Apr-Jun 2010	14.8	63.8	278.6	261.3	213.3	79.8	52.9	31.7	996.1
Females									
Apr-Jun 2008	28.8	111.1	290.3	214.9	176.6	56.3	32.5	12.2	922.7
Jan-Mar 2009	22.0	96.6	281.8	212.3	175.3	57.9	32.3	10.7	888.9
Apr-Jun 2009	19.4	93.5	282.6	211.6	176.7	58.5	32.7	11.5	886.5
Jul-Sep 2009	20.8	90.6	280.1	210.9	177.0	59.4	32.0	11.5	882.4
Oct-Dec 2009	17.4	86.8	278.1	208.9	178.8	59.1	31.5	11.0	871.6
Jan-Mar 2010	13.9	77.5	276.3	207.7	180.8	60.0	32.2	12.9	861.4
Apr-Jun 2010	13.1	77.2	274.3	208.3	180.6	63.0	34.0	12.5	863.0
All persons									
Apr-Jun 2008	60.1	227.3	629.1	506.0	409.2	141.9	91.7	47.6	2,112.8
Jan-Mar 2009	41.4	182.9	587.0	482.8	397.0	141.2	89.0	44.2	1,965.6
Apr-Jun 2009	39.1	172.8	575.8	481.1	395.2	142.4	87.6	44.5	1,938.5
Jul-Sep 2009	42.0	166.7	569.0	478.0	395.2	140.6	87.0	44.1	1,922.4
Oct-Dec 2009	34.9	155.8	563.3	471.2	396.2	138.6	85.2	42.3	1,887.7
Jan-Mar 2010	29.4	141.0	554.3	467.6	395.6	139.1	85.9	44.8	1,857.6
Apr-Jun 2010	27.9	141.0	552.9	469.6	393.9	142.7	86.8	44.3	1,859.1

Table 12 Employment rates¹ (ILO) for persons aged 15 to 64, classified by sex and age group

%

	Age group							Total 15-64
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	
Males								
Apr-Jun 2008	21.6	70.1	85.8	88.2	85.2	73.1	58.7	75.7
Jan-Mar 2009	13.5	56.4	77.4	81.4	79.8	70.5	54.7	68.5
Apr-Jun 2009	13.9	53.3	75.1	81.1	78.5	70.7	52.6	67.3
Jul-Sep 2009	15.0	51.7	74.3	80.2	78.0	68.3	52.4	66.5
Oct-Dec 2009	12.4	48.3	74.0	78.8	77.3	66.5	50.9	65.3
Jan-Mar 2010	11.1	45.9	72.5	77.9	76.2	66.0	50.6	64.2
Apr-Jun 2010	10.6	47.8	73.5	78.3	75.3	66.4	49.5	64.5
Females								
Apr-Jun 2008	20.7	66.1	74.4	66.5	65.1	48.9	32.8	60.4
Jan-Mar 2009	15.9	59.9	71.7	64.9	63.5	49.6	31.6	58.0
Apr-Jun 2009	14.1	59.8	71.6	64.5	63.7	50.0	31.6	57.8
Jul-Sep 2009	15.2	58.6	71.4	64.2	63.5	50.5	30.8	57.6
Oct-Dec 2009	12.8	57.0	71.2	63.5	63.9	50.1	30.0	57.0
Jan-Mar 2010	10.3	52.2	71.1	63.2	64.3	50.6	30.4	56.3
Apr-Jun 2010	9.8	54.2	70.1	63.0	63.9	52.9	31.9	56.4
All persons								
Apr-Jun 2008	21.2	68.1	80.2	77.5	75.2	61.1	45.9	68.1
Jan-Mar 2009	14.7	58.2	74.6	73.2	71.7	60.1	43.2	63.2
Apr-Jun 2009	14.0	56.6	73.4	72.8	71.1	60.4	42.2	62.5
Jul-Sep 2009	15.1	55.3	72.8	72.3	70.8	59.5	41.6	62.1
Oct-Dec 2009	12.6	52.8	72.6	71.2	70.6	58.3	40.5	61.1
Jan-Mar 2010	10.7	49.2	71.8	70.6	70.3	58.3	40.5	60.2
Apr-Jun 2010	10.2	51.1	71.7	70.7	69.6	59.7	40.7	60.4

¹ The employment rate represents the percentage of the population (or sub-population) that is in employment. The unemployment rate, on the other hand, represents the percentage of the labour force that are unemployed in any given population.

Table 13 Number of persons unemployed (ILO) classified by sex and age group

'000

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65+	
Males									
Apr-Jun 2008	8.7	17.1	26.3	15.6	10.9	3.7	1.7	*	84.2
Jan-Mar 2009	9.3	26.8	55.3	33.1	22.8	7.6	3.1	*	158.4
Apr-Jun 2009	13.2	34.3	64.3	37.8	25.3	7.0	4.8	*	186.9
Jul-Sep 2009	12.4	35.2	66.2	37.0	28.1	8.0	4.6	*	192.0
Oct-Dec 2009	11.5	32.9	63.2	40.5	27.4	7.9	5.1	*	189.1
Jan-Mar 2010	7.8	31.6	65.4	44.0	31.3	8.0	6.2	*	194.9
Apr-Jun 2010	10.8	31.2	64.7	44.6	33.0	9.4	6.1	*	200.1
Females									
Apr-Jun 2008	5.9	9.2	12.6	7.2	5.4	1.6	*	*	42.6
Jan-Mar 2009	4.9	12.9	22.0	12.1	8.7	2.3	1.4	*	64.5
Apr-Jun 2009	9.2	17.4	24.9	14.8	8.3	2.4	*	*	77.7
Jul-Sep 2009	8.9	17.8	27.4	17.9	11.4	3.4	1.0	*	87.9
Oct-Dec 2009	5.9	16.4	24.2	16.6	11.0	3.0	1.2	*	78.4
Jan-Mar 2010	4.9	15.1	26.0	17.7	10.3	4.1	1.8	*	80.2
Apr-Jun 2010	8.3	17.7	29.9	19.5	12.5	3.8	1.5	*	93.6
All persons									
Apr-Jun 2008	14.6	26.3	38.9	22.8	16.3	5.3	2.3	*	126.7
Jan-Mar 2009	14.3	39.7	77.3	45.2	31.5	9.9	4.5	*	222.8
Apr-Jun 2009	22.4	51.7	89.2	52.6	33.6	9.4	5.3	*	264.6
Jul-Sep 2009	21.3	53.1	93.6	54.9	39.4	11.4	5.6	*	279.8
Oct-Dec 2009	17.4	49.4	87.4	57.1	38.4	10.9	6.3	*	267.4
Jan-Mar 2010	12.6	46.7	91.4	61.6	41.6	12.1	7.9	1.0	275.0
Apr-Jun 2010	19.1	49.0	94.6	64.1	45.5	13.2	7.6	*	293.6

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 14 Unemployment rates (ILO) classified by sex and age group

%

	Age group							Total	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64		65+
Males									
Apr-Jun 2008	21.7	12.8	7.2	5.1	4.5	4.2	2.8	*	6.6
Jan-Mar 2009	32.5	23.7	15.3	10.9	9.3	8.3	5.2	*	12.8
Apr-Jun 2009	40.0	30.2	18.0	12.3	10.4	7.7	8.0	*	15.1
Jul-Sep 2009	36.9	31.7	18.6	12.2	11.4	8.9	7.8	*	15.6
Oct-Dec 2009	39.7	32.3	18.1	13.4	11.2	9.0	8.7	*	15.7
Jan-Mar 2010	33.3	33.2	19.0	14.5	12.7	9.2	10.3	*	16.4
Apr-Jun 2010	42.1	32.9	18.9	14.6	13.4	10.5	10.3	*	16.7
Females									
Apr-Jun 2008	17.1	7.6	4.2	3.2	3.0	2.8	*	*	4.4
Jan-Mar 2009	18.3	11.7	7.2	5.4	4.7	3.8	4.2	*	6.8
Apr-Jun 2009	32.3	15.7	8.1	6.5	4.5	3.9	*	*	8.1
Jul-Sep 2009	29.9	16.5	8.9	7.8	6.0	5.5	3.0	*	9.1
Oct-Dec 2009	25.2	15.9	8.0	7.4	5.8	4.8	3.7	*	8.3
Jan-Mar 2010	25.9	16.3	8.6	7.8	5.4	6.4	5.2	*	8.5
Apr-Jun 2010	38.7	18.7	9.8	8.6	6.5	5.6	4.1	*	9.8
All persons									
Apr-Jun 2008	19.6	10.4	5.8	4.3	3.8	3.6	2.4	*	5.7
Jan-Mar 2009	25.6	17.8	11.6	8.6	7.3	6.6	4.8	*	10.2
Apr-Jun 2009	36.4	23.0	13.4	9.9	7.8	6.2	5.7	*	12.0
Jul-Sep 2009	33.6	24.2	14.1	10.3	9.1	7.5	6.1	*	12.7
Oct-Dec 2009	33.2	24.1	13.4	10.8	8.8	7.3	6.9	*	12.4
Jan-Mar 2010	30.0	24.9	14.2	11.6	9.5	8.0	8.5	2.1	12.9
Apr-Jun 2010	40.6	25.8	14.6	12.0	10.4	8.5	8.0	*	13.6

Table 15 Labour force situation of married females classified by age group

Married Females	Age group							Total	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64		65+
Total married women ('000)									
Apr-Jun 2008	*	6.9	146.9	231.2	204.6	87.2	71.7	114.4	863.3
Jan-Mar 2009	*	7.1	154.8	234.2	203.4	88.6	73.3	121.7	883.4
Apr-Jun 2009	*	6.0	148.9	228.7	202.0	88.7	74.1	126.0	874.6
Jul-Sep 2009	*	6.8	146.6	226.6	201.3	88.7	73.7	126.9	870.9
Oct-Dec 2009	*	7.2	153.1	229.1	203.8	88.3	75.2	124.2	881.2
Jan-Mar 2010	*	6.5	145.9	223.8	202.2	85.3	74.4	128.6	867.3
Apr-Jun 2010	*	6.7	147.6	227.6	204.2	85.4	75.6	125.9	873.9
of which In labour force ('000)									
Apr-Jun 2008	*	3.7	104.1	154.3	133.8	42.4	23.5	6.8	468.8
Jan-Mar 2009	*	3.8	112.9	157.0	132.5	44.0	24.0	6.8	481.1
Apr-Jun 2009	*	3.1	108.1	153.1	132.6	44.1	24.1	7.3	472.6
Jul-Sep 2009	*	3.6	109.0	152.9	132.4	45.8	22.7	7.1	473.7
Oct-Dec 2009	*	3.7	112.3	153.0	134.8	44.9	21.7	6.3	476.7
Jan-Mar 2010	*	3.3	107.6	149.3	132.6	44.7	22.4	7.9	468.1
Apr-Jun 2010	*	3.6	108.0	153.1	135.0	47.3	24.1	7.8	479.2
of which In employment ('000)									
Apr-Jun 2008	*	3.4	100.4	149.9	130.8	41.1	23.2	6.8	455.7
Jan-Mar 2009	*	3.2	106.1	150.1	127.8	42.7	23.4	6.6	459.8
Apr-Jun 2009	*	2.2	101.3	144.7	127.7	42.8	23.7	7.3	449.6
Jul-Sep 2009	*	2.7	101.3	142.8	125.4	43.9	22.1	7.1	445.4
Oct-Dec 2009	*	3.1	105.1	143.9	128.7	43.3	21.1	6.3	451.4
Jan-Mar 2010	*	2.8	99.8	139.3	127.2	43.0	21.3	7.7	441.2
Apr-Jun 2010	*	3.0	98.2	142.2	127.9	45.5	23.1	7.7	447.8
Participation rates (%)									
Apr-Jun 2008	*	53.9	70.9	66.7	65.4	48.6	32.9	5.9	54.3
Jan-Mar 2009	*	53.6	72.9	67.1	65.2	49.6	32.8	5.6	54.5
Apr-Jun 2009	*	51.5	72.6	66.9	65.6	49.7	32.5	5.8	54.0
Jul-Sep 2009	*	53.1	74.4	67.5	65.8	51.6	30.8	5.6	54.4
Oct-Dec 2009	*	51.8	73.3	66.8	66.1	50.8	28.9	5.0	54.1
Jan-Mar 2010	*	51.4	73.8	66.7	65.6	52.4	30.2	6.1	54.0
Apr-Jun 2010	*	53.8	73.1	67.3	66.1	55.4	31.9	6.2	54.8

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 16 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by labour force, employment, unemployment and long-term unemployment (ILO)

Period	Labour force	In employment	Unemployed	<i>of which</i> Long-term unemployed	Unemployment rate	Long-term unemployment rate
	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Oct-Dec 2000	1,776.8	1,713.8	63.0	22.4	3.5	1.3
Jan-Mar 2001	1,775.3	1,709.4	66.0	22.0	3.7	1.2
Apr-Jun 2001	1,807.4	1,738.0	69.4	20.3	3.8	1.1
Jul-Sep 2001	1,865.2	1,786.8	78.4	23.0	4.2	1.2
Oct-Dec 2001	1,834.8	1,762.6	72.2	21.7	3.9	1.2
Jan-Mar 2002	1,834.6	1,757.0	77.7	22.8	4.2	1.2
Apr-Jun 2002	1,850.8	1,768.5	82.3	20.8	4.4	1.1
Jul-Sep 2002	1,884.8	1,802.5	82.3	22.8	4.4	1.2
Oct-Dec 2002	1,865.3	1,777.2	88.1	27.3	4.7	1.5
Jan-Mar 2003	1,867.8	1,783.0	84.9	26.6	4.5	1.4
Apr-Jun 2003	1,886.7	1,800.0	86.7	26.2	4.6	1.4
Jul-Sep 2003	1,923.9	1,830.5	93.4	27.4	4.9	1.4
Oct-Dec 2003	1,907.2	1,826.1	81.1	29.7	4.3	1.6
Jan-Mar 2004	1,921.2	1,828.1	93.2	29.4	4.9	1.5
Apr-Jun 2004	1,940.0	1,852.2	87.8	26.7	4.5	1.4
Jul-Sep 2004	1,989.3	1,902.3	87.0	27.5	4.4	1.4
Oct-Dec 2004	1,982.2	1,899.5	82.7	28.6	4.2	1.4
Jan-Mar 2005	2,000.9	1,917.1	83.7	26.7	4.2	1.3
Apr-Jun 2005	2,040.4	1,944.6	95.8	29.2	4.7	1.4
Jul-Sep 2005	2,089.5	1,993.9	95.6	28.0	4.6	1.3
Oct-Dec 2005	2,078.8	1,995.1	83.7	25.6	4.0	1.2
Jan-Mar 2006	2,102.3	2,009.4	92.9	26.8	4.4	1.3
Apr-Jun 2006	2,132.8	2,034.9	97.9	29.2	4.6	1.4
Jul-Sep 2006	2,174.5	2,071.9	102.6	28.6	4.7	1.3
Oct-Dec 2006	2,164.5	2,076.9	87.6	26.5	4.0	1.2
Jan-Mar 2007	2,186.6	2,088.5	98.1	26.3	4.5	1.2
Apr-Jun 2007	2,217.0	2,113.9	103.1	28.8	4.7	1.3
Jul-Sep 2007	2,253.1	2,149.8	103.3	28.8	4.6	1.3
Oct-Dec 2007	2,239.8	2,138.8	101.0	29.4	4.5	1.3
Jan-Mar 2008	2,233.5	2,124.1	109.4	29.3	4.9	1.3
Apr-Jun 2008	2,239.6	2,112.8	126.7	33.2	5.7	1.5
Jul-Sep 2008	2,266.6	2,107.1	159.4	38.1	7.0	1.7
Oct-Dec 2008	2,224.3	2,054.6	169.7	37.7	7.6	1.7
Jan-Mar 2009	2,188.4	1,965.6	222.8	49.1	10.2	2.2
Apr-Jun 2009	2,203.1	1,938.5	264.6	57.3	12.0	2.6
Jul-Sep 2009	2,202.3	1,922.4	279.8	71.4	12.7	3.2
Oct-Dec 2009	2,155.2	1,887.7	267.4	89.1	12.4	4.1
Jan-Mar 2010	2,132.7	1,857.6	275.0	112.6	12.9	5.3
Apr-Jun 2010	2,152.7	1,859.1	293.6	127.0	13.6	5.9

Table 17 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by sex and duration of unemployment (ILO)

'000

Duration of unemployment (ILO)	Apr- Jun 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
Males							
Less than 1 year	57.6	119.7	140.8	134.4	117.7	105.9	101.9
1 year and over	25.5	38.4	44.7	55.6	68.8	88.0	96.7
Not stated	1.1	*	1.4	2.0	2.6	1.0	1.6
Total males	84.2	158.4	186.9	192.0	189.1	194.9	200.1
Females							
Less than 1 year	34.3	53.5	64.1	71.4	57.3	54.3	62.2
1 year and over	7.7	10.7	12.6	15.8	20.3	24.6	30.4
Not stated	*	*	1.0	*	*	1.2	1.0
Total females	42.6	64.5	77.7	87.9	78.4	80.2	93.6
All persons							
Less than 1 year	91.9	173.2	204.9	205.8	175.0	160.2	164.1
1 year and over	33.2	49.1	57.3	71.4	89.1	112.6	127.0
Not stated	1.7	*	2.4	2.7	3.4	2.3	2.6
Total persons	126.7	222.8	264.6	279.8	267.4	275.0	293.6

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 18 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by sex, age group and duration of unemployment (ILO)

'000

	QNHS Apr-Jun 2009				QNHS Apr-Jun 2010			
	Age group			Total	Age group			Total
	15-24	25-44	45 or over		15-24	25-44	45 or over	
Males								
Less than 1 year	37.5	76.9	26.4	140.8	24.5	55.1	22.3	101.9
1 year and over	9.5	24.3	10.9	44.7	17.0	53.6	26.1	96.7
Not stated	*	*	*	1.4	*	*	*	1.6
Total males	47.5	102.1	37.3	186.9	42.0	109.3	48.8	200.1
Females								
Less than 1 year	21.9	33.2	9.0	64.1	18.4	32.7	11.1	62.2
1 year and over	4.0	6.1	2.5	12.6	7.0	16.4	7.0	30.4
Not stated	*	*	*	1.0	*	*	*	1.0
Total females	26.6	39.7	11.5	77.7	26.0	49.4	18.2	93.6
All persons								
Less than 1 year	59.4	110.2	35.4	204.9	42.9	87.8	33.4	164.1
1 year and over	13.5	30.4	13.4	57.3	23.9	70.0	33.1	127.0
Not stated	1.1	1.2	*	2.4	1.2	*	*	2.6
Total persons	74.1	141.8	48.8	264.6	68.0	158.7	67.0	293.6

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 19 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by detailed ILO Economic Status

'000

ILO Economic Status	Apr- Jun 08	Jul- Sep 08	Oct- Dec 08	Jan- Mar 09	Apr- Jun 09	Jul- Sep 09	Oct- Dec 09	Jan- Mar 10	Apr- Jun 10
In labour force	2,239.6	2,266.6	2,224.3	2,188.4	2,203.1	2,202.3	2,155.2	2,132.7	2,152.7
In employment:	2,112.8	2,107.1	2,054.6	1,965.6	1,938.5	1,922.4	1,887.7	1,857.6	1,859.1
full-time	1,722.4	1,712.7	1,661.5	1,560.2	1,532.1	1,510.3	1,468.3	1,444.5	1,448.9
part-time:	390.5	394.4	393.1	405.4	406.4	412.1	419.5	413.1	410.2
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed</i> ¹	382.6	381.8	379.2	388.9	392.8	396.8	404.3	399.1	394.1
<i>part-time, underemployed</i> ¹	7.9	12.6	13.9	16.5	13.6	15.3	15.2	14.0	16.1
Unemployed:	126.7	159.4	169.7	222.8	264.6	279.8	267.4	275.0	293.6
seeking full-time work	108.4	142.3	150.0	202.9	244.0	256.4	247.7	256.3	271.0
seeking part-time work	18.4	17.2	19.7	19.9	20.6	23.5	19.7	18.8	22.7
Not in labour force	1,275.3	1,263.2	1,309.5	1,343.1	1,320.8	1,323.9	1,365.8	1,383.3	1,359.7
Marginally attached to the labour force:	10.9	14.5	11.4	15.6	15.2	19.7	21.9	23.3	21.4
Discouraged workers	8.3	11.8	9.3	12.1	11.6	15.5	16.8	18.3	16.3
Passive jobseekers	2.6	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.6	4.1	5.1	5.1	5.2
Others:	1,264.5	1,248.6	1,298.1	1,327.5	1,305.6	1,304.2	1,343.9	1,360.0	1,338.2
Persons not in education, who want work ²	53.9	58.0	51.0	61.1	67.7	69.5	64.4	65.1	69.8
Persons in education, who want work ²	32.7	21.7	26.2	27.4	32.1	26.1	29.1	33.0	39.6
All other persons	1,177.9	1,168.9	1,221.0	1,239.0	1,205.8	1,208.6	1,250.4	1,261.9	1,228.8
Total persons aged 15 or over	3,514.9	3,529.7	3,533.9	3,531.5	3,523.8	3,526.2	3,521.0	3,516.0	3,512.4

¹ See Background Notes.

² Persons who want work are those who are looking for work but are not available and those who say they want a job but are not looking for work.

Table 20 Indicators of potential labour supply

Quarter	S1	S2	S3	%
Apr-Jun 2005	5.1	8.2	8.4	S1: Unemployed plus discouraged workers as a percentage of the Labour Force plus discouraged workers.
Jul-Sep 2005	5.0	8.3	8.5	S2: Unemployed plus marginally attached plus others not in education who want work as a percentage of the Labour Force plus marginally attached plus others not in education who want work.
Oct-Dec 2005	4.4	7.1	7.3	S3: Unemployed plus marginally attached plus others not in education who want work plus underemployed part-time workers as a percentage of the Labour Force plus marginally attached plus others not in education who want work.
Jan-Mar 2006	4.8	7.5	7.7	
Apr-Jun 2006	5.0	7.7	7.9	
Jul-Sep 2006	5.2	8.1	8.3	
Oct-Dec 2006	4.4	7.0	7.2	
Jan-Mar 2007	5.0	7.7	7.9	
Apr-Jun 2007	5.0	7.5	7.8	
Jul-Sep 2007	5.1	7.3	7.6	
Oct-Dec 2007	4.9	7.3	7.5	
Jan-Mar 2008	5.3	7.5	7.7	
Apr-Jun 2008	6.0	8.3	8.7	
Jul-Sep 2008	7.5	9.9	10.5	
Oct-Dec 2008	8.0	10.2	10.8	
Jan-Mar 2009	10.7	13.2	14.0	
Apr-Jun 2009	12.5	15.2	15.8	
Jul-Sep 2009	13.3	16.1	16.8	
Oct-Dec 2009	13.1	15.8	16.5	
Jan-Mar 2010	13.6	16.4	17.0	
Apr-Jun 2010	14.3	17.2	17.9	

Table 21 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by Principal Economic Status¹

Principal Economic Status	Apr-Jun 08	Jan-Mar 09	Apr-Jun 09	Jul-Sep 09	Oct-Dec 09	Jan-Mar 10	Apr-Jun 10
Males							
At work	1,153.9	1,051.6	1,022.3	1,004.5	988.3	968.1	968.2
Unemployed	103.5	199.1	226.5	240.3	246.7	254.8	249.3
Student	172.6	179.8	174.6	176.0	176.9	187.8	184.5
Home duties	6.7	6.0	6.7	6.9	7.4	7.7	7.5
Retired	219.6	221.2	224.7	224.6	232.7	230.4	233.9
Others	84.8	85.7	82.2	86.1	81.8	81.7	81.6
Total males	1,741.2	1,743.5	1,737.0	1,738.4	1,733.8	1,730.6	1,724.9
Females							
At work	875.8	846.6	850.3	843.0	841.1	830.6	830.8
Unemployed	39.7	65.1	79.3	92.4	88.8	90.6	94.8
Student	190.5	195.5	184.9	176.8	180.2	191.5	184.6
Home duties	526.3	538.0	531.8	534.8	533.3	526.0	521.1
Retired	89.3	89.2	87.3	87.7	90.1	92.8	99.3
Others	52.2	53.7	53.3	53.0	53.8	54.1	57.0
Total females	1,773.7	1,788.0	1,786.8	1,787.8	1,787.2	1,785.4	1,787.5
All persons							
At work	2,029.8	1,898.2	1,872.5	1,847.5	1,829.4	1,798.7	1,799.0
Unemployed	143.2	264.2	305.8	332.8	335.5	345.3	344.1
Student	363.1	375.3	359.5	352.8	357.1	379.3	369.0
Home duties	532.9	544.0	538.6	541.7	540.7	533.7	528.5
Retired	309.0	310.4	311.9	312.3	322.8	323.2	333.2
Others	137.0	139.4	135.5	139.1	135.5	135.8	138.5
Total persons	3,514.9	3,531.5	3,523.8	3,526.2	3,521.0	3,516.0	3,512.4

¹ Classification based on respondent's own subjective assessment, see Background Notes.

Table 22 Persons aged 15 years and over classified by ILO Economic Status and by Principal Economic Status, April-June 2010

'000

ILO Economic Status	Principal Economic Status						Total
	At work	Unemployed	Student	Home duties	Retired	Others	
Males							
In employment:	963.1	4.8	21.5	*	4.3	2.3	996.1
full-time	872.4	2.7	2.8	*	1.0	1.5	880.5
part-time:	90.7	2.1	18.7	*	3.3	*	115.7
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	83.9	1.4	18.3	*	3.3	*	107.8
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	6.8	*	*	*	*	*	7.9
Unemployed:	1.8	185.9	8.9	*	*	2.5	200.1
seeking full-time work	1.8	184.2	6.6	*	*	2.2	195.5
seeking part-time work	*	1.6	2.3	*	*	*	4.6
Marginally attached to the labour force	1.6	11.6	*	*	*	*	15.0
Others	1.6	47.0	153.4	6.9	228.5	76.2	513.7
Total males aged 15 or over	968.2	249.3	184.5	7.5	233.9	81.6	1,724.9
Females							
In employment:	827.1	1.9	24.3	6.1	1.1	2.4	863.0
full-time	562.4	*	2.6	*	*	1.3	568.4
part-time:	264.7	1.0	21.6	5.2	1.0	1.1	294.6
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	257.1	*	21.4	5.2	1.0	1.0	286.3
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	7.6	*	*	*	*	*	8.2
Unemployed:	*	63.3	8.0	20.1	*	1.4	93.6
seeking full-time work	*	56.5	5.3	12.2	*	1.0	75.5
seeking part-time work	*	6.8	2.7	7.9	*	*	18.1
Marginally attached to the labour force	*	2.6	1.2	1.5	*	*	6.5
Others	2.5	27.0	151.2	493.4	97.7	52.8	824.5
Total females aged 15 or over	830.8	94.8	184.6	521.1	99.3	57.0	1,787.5
All persons							
In employment:	1,790.2	6.6	45.8	6.3	5.5	4.7	1,859.1
full-time	1,434.9	3.6	5.4	1.0	1.2	2.8	1,448.9
part-time:	355.3	3.0	40.3	5.3	4.3	1.9	410.2
<i>of which: part-time, not underemployed¹</i>	341.0	2.1	39.7	5.2	4.3	1.9	394.1
<i>part-time, underemployed¹</i>	14.4	*	*	*	*	*	16.1
Unemployed:	2.3	249.2	16.9	20.4	1.0	4.0	293.6
seeking full-time work	2.3	240.7	11.9	12.5	*	3.2	271.0
seeking part-time work	*	8.5	5.0	7.9	*	*	22.7
Marginally attached to the labour force	2.4	14.3	1.8	1.5	*	*	21.4
Others	4.1	74.0	304.6	500.3	326.2	129.0	1,338.2
Total persons aged 15 or over	1,799.0	344.1	369.0	528.5	333.2	138.5	3,512.4

¹ See Background Notes.

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 23a Persons aged 15 to 64, classified by the highest level of education attained, ILO Economic Status and sex, April-June 2009 and 2010

Highest education level attained	Apr-Jun 2010						
	In employment	Unemployed	In labour force	Not in labour force	All persons 15 - 64	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Males aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	70.3	22.2	92.5	95.7	188.2	24.0	49.1
Lower secondary	135.6	48.5	184.1	96.8	280.9	26.3	65.5
Higher secondary	253.3	56.2	309.5	74.4	384.0	18.2	80.6
Post leaving cert	119.1	32.7	151.8	18.3	170.0	21.5	89.3
Third level non-honours degree ¹	130.5	15.8	146.3	14.1	160.4	10.8	91.2
Third level honours degree or above ¹	224.5	18.5	242.9	23.5	266.4	7.6	91.2
Other	31.0	6.0	37.1	8.6	45.7	16.2	81.2
Total males aged 15 to 64	964.4	199.8	1,164.2	331.4	1,495.6	17.2	77.8
Females aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	32.5	4.3	36.8	117.3	154.1	11.7	23.9
Lower secondary	72.4	13.5	85.9	150.0	235.9	15.7	36.4
Higher secondary	220.2	30.2	250.4	143.5	393.9	12.1	63.6
Post leaving cert	94.9	13.5	108.3	46.0	154.3	12.5	70.2
Third level non-honours degree ¹	172.3	14.2	186.5	49.1	235.5	7.6	79.2
Third level honours degree or above ¹	236.2	14.6	250.8	40.6	291.4	5.8	86.1
Other	22.0	3.0	24.9	17.2	42.1	12.0	59.1
Total females aged 15 to 64	850.4	93.1	943.5	563.7	1,507.2	9.9	62.6
All persons aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	102.8	26.5	129.3	213.0	342.3	20.5	37.8
Lower secondary	208.0	61.9	270.0	246.8	516.8	22.9	52.2
Higher secondary	473.5	86.4	559.9	217.9	777.8	15.4	72.0
Post leaving cert	214.0	46.1	260.1	64.3	324.4	17.7	80.2
Third level non-honours degree ¹	302.8	29.9	332.8	63.2	396.0	9.0	84.0
Third level honours degree or above ¹	460.7	33.0	493.7	64.1	557.8	6.7	88.5
Other	53.0	9.0	62.0	25.8	87.8	14.5	70.6
Total persons aged 15 to 64	1,814.8	292.9	2,107.7	895.1	3,002.8	13.9	70.2

¹ A break in continuity has occurred in the Educational Attainment series and, therefore, data from Q2 2009 is not directly comparable with previous quarters. The classification of educational levels has been revised in order to facilitate the linking of education categories to the National Framework of Qualifications (NFQ), while also retaining links with the international education classification, ISCED97. This affects the classification in a number of ways. One key difference is the distinction between ordinary and honours level degrees. For information on the framework see: <http://www.nfq.ie/nfq/en/>. For information on the ISCED97 classification see: http://www.uis.unesco.org/ev_en.php?ID=7433_201&ID2=DO_TOPIC.

**Table 23a - cont'd Persons aged 15 to 64, classified by the highest level of education attained,
ILO Economic Status and sex, April-June 2009 and 2010**

Highest education level attained	Apr-Jun 2009				All persons 15 - 64	Unemployment rate	Participation rate
	In employment	Unemployed	In labour force	Not in labour force			
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
Males aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	84.2	21.0	105.2	94.9	200.0	20.0	52.6
Lower secondary	159.5	46.1	205.6	98.4	304.0	22.4	67.6
Higher secondary	262.2	53.0	315.2	62.6	377.8	16.8	83.4
Post leaving cert	128.5	28.8	157.2	14.7	172.0	18.3	91.4
Third level non-honours degree ¹	138.8	15.6	154.4	12.8	167.3	10.1	92.3
Third level honours degree or above ¹	215.5	15.5	231.0	18.6	249.6	6.7	92.5
Other	30.3	6.6	36.9	6.9	43.9	17.9	84.1
Total males aged 15 to 64	1,019.0	186.6	1,205.6	308.9	1,514.6	15.5	79.6
Females aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	41.3	4.3	45.6	121.3	166.9	9.4	27.3
Lower secondary	82.8	11.7	94.6	149.6	244.2	12.4	38.7
Higher secondary	230.1	20.9	251.0	144.3	395.3	8.3	63.5
Post leaving cert	108.6	12.0	120.6	46.3	166.9	10.0	72.3
Third level non-honours degree ¹	179.5	14.4	193.9	45.2	239.1	7.4	81.1
Third level honours degree or above ¹	211.2	11.7	223.0	38.2	261.2	5.2	85.4
Other	21.5	2.3	23.8	16.6	40.4	9.7	58.9
Total females aged 15 to 64	875.0	77.5	952.5	561.5	1,513.9	8.1	62.9
All persons aged 15 to 64							
Primary or below	125.5	25.3	150.8	216.1	366.9	16.8	41.1
Lower secondary	242.4	57.9	300.2	248.0	548.2	19.3	54.8
Higher secondary	492.3	74.0	566.3	206.9	773.1	13.1	73.3
Post leaving cert	237.0	40.8	277.8	61.0	338.9	14.7	82.0
Third level non-honours degree ¹	318.3	30.0	348.3	58.0	406.3	8.6	85.7
Third level honours degree or above ¹	426.7	27.3	454.0	56.8	510.8	6.0	88.9
Other	51.8	8.9	60.7	23.6	84.3	14.7	72.0
Total persons aged 15 to 64	1,894.0	264.1	2,158.1	870.4	3,028.5	12.2	71.3

**Table 23b Persons aged 18-64 classified by ILO Economic Status, age, highest level of educational attainment and sex,
April - June 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010**

	% of persons											
	In employment				Unemployed ¹				Not economically active			
	Apr- Jun 07	Apr- Jun 08	Apr- Jun 09	Apr- Jun 10	Apr- Jun 07	Apr- Jun 08	Apr- Jun 09	Apr- Jun 10	Apr- Jun 07	Apr- Jun 08	Apr- Jun 09	Apr- Jun 10
Persons aged 18-24²												
Early school leavers aged 18-24³												
Male	63	58	33	31	21	24	43	39	16	18	24	29
Female	42	39	34	30	11	10	18	16	47	51	48	54
Total	55	51	33	31	17	19	34	30	27	30	33	39
Other persons aged 18-24												
Male	69	63	47	41	5	8	18	19	26	29	34	40
Female	62	61	53	46	5	5	11	12	32	34	36	42
Total	65	62	50	44	5	6	14	15	29	32	35	41
Persons aged 25-64²												
Persons aged 25-64 with lower secondary or below as highest level of education												
Male	74	70	61	56	5	7	14	17	22	23	25	26
Female	41	41	38	35	3	2	3	5	56	57	59	60
Total	59	58	51	47	4	5	9	11	37	38	40	42
Other persons aged 25-64												
Male	90	89	82	79	3	4	10	11	7	7	8	10
Female	74	73	71	70	2	2	4	6	24	25	25	24
Total	82	81	76	74	2	3	7	8	16	16	17	17

¹ Persons unemployed as percentage of all persons in population - not comparable to unemployment rate.

² Persons whose educational situation is unknown or not stated are not included.

³ Early school leavers are defined as persons aged 18-24 whose highest level of education attained is lower secondary or below and have not received education (either formal or non-formal) in the four weeks prior to the survey.

Table 24 Estimated adult¹ members of family units classified by composition of family unit, ILO Economic Status and sex, April-June 2010

'000

Composition of family unit	In employment			Unemployed			Not economically active			Total ²		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Husband and wife (or couple) without children:												
Wife/female partner aged under 45	106.9	103.2	210.0	12.8	7.5	20.3	6.4	9.2	15.6	126.0	119.9	245.9
Wife/female partner aged 45 to 64	73.4	63.0	136.4	9.4	4.3	13.7	53.2	64.3	117.5	135.9	131.6	267.5
Wife/female partner aged 65 or over	11.8	5.8	17.6	*	*	*	90.8	94.7	185.5	103.0	100.6	203.6
Total	192.0	172.0	364.0	22.6	11.9	34.4	150.3	168.2	318.5	364.9	352.1	717.0
Husband and wife (or couple) with children:												
At least 1 child aged under 5 and no child aged 15 or over	193.9	137.6	331.5	33.4	13.0	46.4	14.0	79.0	93.0	241.3	229.6	470.9
At least 1 child aged under 5 and at least 1 child aged 15 or over	9.5	5.2	14.7	1.8	*	2.4	1.5	6.1	7.6	12.8	11.9	24.7
All children aged 5 to 14	74.6	52.0	126.6	10.3	3.9	14.2	5.7	29.7	35.4	90.6	85.6	176.2
No child aged under 5, at least 1 child aged 5 to 14 and at least 1 child aged 15 or over	97.7	71.0	168.7	16.0	5.3	21.3	11.4	42.6	54.1	125.2	118.9	244.1
All children aged 15 or over ³	127.0	96.5	223.5	14.1	4.0	18.1	54.3	87.5	141.8	195.3	188.0	383.4
Total	502.7	362.4	865.1	75.6	26.8	102.4	86.9	244.9	331.9	665.2	634.1	1,299.3
Lone parent with children:												
At least 1 child aged under 5 and no child aged 15 or over	*	16.9	17.4	*	3.7	4.3	*	27.7	28.1	1.4	48.3	49.8
At least 1 child aged under 5 and at least 1 child aged 15 or over	*	1.7	1.7	*	*	*	*	2.3	2.3	*	4.5	4.5
All children aged 5 to 14	*	14.8	15.7	*	4.0	4.4	*	9.7	10.2	1.8	28.5	30.3
No child aged under 5, at least 1 child aged 5 to 14 and at least 1 child aged 15 or over	1.7	18.4	20.1	*	3.1	3.7	1.1	11.8	12.9	3.5	33.3	36.8
All children aged 15 or over ³	8.1	28.8	36.9	1.1	3.1	4.2	9.1	45.9	55.0	18.4	77.7	96.1
Total	11.2	80.6	91.7	2.8	14.3	17.1	11.2	97.4	108.5	25.1	192.3	217.3
Total	705.9	614.9	1,320.8	100.9	53.0	153.9	248.4	510.5	758.9	1,055.2	1,178.4	2,233.7

¹ For the purpose of the table, an adult is either a lone parent or a member of a couple.

² See the discussion on the grossing effect in the background notes.

³ For the purpose of this table persons (regardless of age) living with a parent or parents are defined as children.

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table 25 Labour Force Survey results classified by ILO Economic Status for persons aged 15 or over in EU member states¹

Region	Q1/2009					Q1/2010				
	Labour force	In employment	Unemployed	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Labour force	In employment	Unemployed	Participation rate	Unemployment rate
	'000	'000	'000	%	%	'000	'000	'000	%	%
EU27	238,125.4	217,498.8	20,626.6	57.4	8.7	238,600.4	214,669.0	23,931.4	57.4	10.0
EU15	190,606.8	173,790.4	16,816.4	58.1	8.8	190,864.8	172,010.0	18,854.7	58.0	9.9
Eurozone ²	153,156.3	138,983.9	14,172.4	57.0	9.3	153,550.3	137,727.5	15,823.0	57.0	10.3
Belgium	4,796.8	4,418.0	378.9	53.6	7.9	4,890.5	4,470.0	420.5	54.2	8.6
Bulgaria	3,485.0	3,262.8	222.2	52.9	6.4	3,352.3	3,011.3	341.0	51.3	10.2
Czech Republic	5,249.6	4,946.8	302.8	58.4	5.8	5,251.7	4,829.2	422.5	58.3	8.0
Denmark	2,953.9	2,801.1	152.8	65.6	5.2	2,932.8	2,702.9	229.9	64.6	7.8
Germany	41,858.7	38,513.7	3,345.0	59.6	8.0	41,996.4	38,658.5	3,337.9	59.8	7.9
Estonia	691.1	612.1	79.0	61.0	11.4	690.4	553.6	136.9	60.9	19.8
Greece	4,948.1	4,485.8	462.3	53.5	9.3	5,012.4	4,425.6	586.8	53.9	11.7
Spain	23,101.5	19,090.8	4,010.7	59.4	17.4	23,006.9	18,394.2	4,612.7	59.2	20.0
France	28,125.8	25,626.6	2,499.2	56.7	8.9	28,331.8	25,571.8	2,760.1	56.8	9.7
Ireland	2,170.9	1,951.4	219.5	61.5	10.1	2,111.9	1,841.0	270.9	60.1	12.8
Italy	24,948.4	22,966.2	1,982.2	48.7	7.9	25,031.6	22,758.4	2,273.2	48.6	9.1
Cyprus	395.0	376.8	18.2	63.6	4.6	409.5	379.9	29.6	64.8	7.2
Latvia	1,215.4	1,046.7	168.8	62.3	13.9	1,152.1	916.7	235.4	59.4	20.4
Lithuania	1,627.0	1,433.1	193.9	57.2	11.9	1,621.7	1,328.4	293.3	57.3	18.1
Luxembourg	227.8	214.7	13.1	58.2	5.8	230.6	219.4	11.2	57.7	4.9
Hungary	4,166.7	3,763.9	402.8	49.6	9.7	4,217.1	3,719.3	497.8	50.3	11.8
Malta	172.8	161.5	11.3	49.5	6.5	177.1	164.4	12.8	50.3	7.2
Netherlands	8,931.9	8,648.6	283.4	67.1	3.2	8,858.2	8,459.4	398.9	66.2	4.5
Austria	4,218.4	4,021.7	196.7	60.5	4.7	4,221.5	4,023.1	198.4	60.2	4.7
Poland	17,128.2	15,714.3	1,413.8	54.5	8.3	17,413.0	15,574.2	1,838.9	55.2	10.6
Portugal	5,594.8	5,099.1	495.8	62.1	8.9	5,600.8	5,008.7	592.2	62.1	10.6
Romania	9,704.7	9,038.6	666.1	53.2	6.9	9,721.5	8,934.3	787.2	53.4	8.1
Slovenia	1,015.4	961.6	53.8	58.1	5.3	1,038.7	964.8	73.9	59.0	7.1
Slovak Republic	2,667.6	2,390.3	277.3	58.6	10.4	2,690.5	2,283.1	407.4	58.8	15.1
Finland	2,649.9	2,447.7	202.3	60.0	7.6	2,632.2	2,388.4	243.8	59.2	9.3
Sweden	4,847.2	4,466.0	381.2	62.7	7.9	4,880.3	4,433.2	447.0	62.6	9.2
United Kingdom	31,232.6	29,039.3	2,193.3	62.7	7.0	31,126.7	28,655.5	2,471.1	62.1	7.9

Source: Eurostat and Quarterly National Household Survey.

Note: ¹ Trends in some member states may be affected by changes in methodology.

² Eurozone consists of EU15 states (with the exceptions of Denmark, Sweden and United Kingdom), Slovenia, Malta and Cyprus.

Annex

Estimates of the Population aged 15 years and over classified by nationality and labour force status

The following tables provide estimates of the labour force classified by nationality. The figures are considered 'broadly indicative' as the very large migration flows in recent years present a significant measurement challenge in a general purpose household survey such as the QNHS. The main concerns, which are based on international experience, centre around the extent to which the survey captures minority communities in a proportionate and representative manner. Notwithstanding these concerns, the CSO believes that the estimates presented in the following tables provide a broadly accurate picture of the current situation and recent trends.

Table A1 Estimated number of persons aged 15 years and over classified by nationality and ILO Economic Status, April-June 2009 and 2010

Nationality	ILO Economic Status				Total
	In employment	Unemployed	In labour force	Not economically active	
'000					
Q2 2010					
Irish nationals ¹	1,629.4	246.8	1,876.2	1,244.1	3,120.4
Non-Irish nationals	229.6	46.8	276.5	115.5	392.0
<i>of which:</i>					
<i>United Kingdom</i>	37.5	7.9	45.4	30.2	75.6
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	24.1	1.8	25.9	8.4	34.3
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	107.6	26.4	134.0	35.4	169.4
<i>Other</i>	60.4	10.8	71.2	41.5	112.7
Total persons	1,859.1	293.6	2,152.7	1,359.7	3,512.4
Q2 2009					
Irish nationals ¹	1,663.9	213.8	1,877.7	1,201.3	3,079.0
Non-Irish nationals	274.6	50.8	325.4	119.5	444.8
<i>of which:</i>					
<i>United Kingdom</i>	49.6	7.2	56.8	37.0	93.8
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	34.1	2.6	36.7	9.0	45.7
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	123.7	29.0	152.6	30.0	182.6
<i>Other</i>	67.2	12.1	79.2	43.5	122.7
Total persons	1,938.5	264.6	2,203.1	1,320.8	3,523.8
Year on year changes					
Irish nationals ¹	- 34.5	+ 33.0	- 1.5	+ 42.8	+ 41.4
Non-Irish nationals	- 45.0	- 4.0	- 48.9	- 4.0	- 52.8
<i>of which:</i>					
<i>United Kingdom</i>	- 12.1	+ 0.7	- 11.4	- 6.8	- 18.2
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	- 10.0	- 0.8	- 10.8	- 0.6	- 11.4
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	- 16.1	- 2.6	- 18.6	+ 5.4	- 13.2
<i>Other</i>	- 6.8	- 1.3	- 8.0	- 2.0	- 10.0
Total persons	- 79.4	+ 29.0	- 50.4	+ 38.9	- 11.4

¹ Includes 'not stated'.

Data may be subject to future revision.

Data may be subject to sampling or other survey errors, which are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table A2 Estimated number of persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by nationality and NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector, April-June 2009 and 2010

'000

Nationality	NACE Economic Sector							
	A Agriculture, forestry and fishing	B-E Industry	F Construction	G Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	H Transport and storage	I Accommodation and food service activities	J Information and communication	
Q2 2010								
Irish nationals ¹	80.2	199.4	113.1	229.7	81.0	86.8	61.0	
Non-Irish nationals	4.7	40.8	12.2	39.4	8.7	33.0	13.1	
<i>of which:</i>								
<i>United Kingdom</i>	*	5.2	1.6	5.0	1.5	1.9	2.8	
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	*	3.5	*	2.6	*	2.7	3.9	
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	3.9	25.1	9.3	24.9	4.4	18.3	2.5	
<i>Other</i>	*	7.0	1.1	7.0	1.9	10.1	3.9	
Total persons	84.9	240.1	125.3	269.1	89.7	119.8	74.1	
Q2 2009								
Irish nationals ¹	93.2	213.8	136.4	235.5	83.1	78.3	59.6	
Non-Irish nationals	4.0	44.6	19.1	42.3	11.5	41.5	13.9	
<i>of which:</i>								
<i>United Kingdom</i>	*	5.0	3.0	6.1	2.5	2.8	2.7	
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	*	5.3	*	2.6	1.8	3.8	5.4	
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	2.4	27.5	12.7	26.1	5.2	23.2	3.0	
<i>Other</i>	*	6.8	2.9	7.5	2.0	11.7	2.8	
Total persons	97.2	258.3	155.4	277.7	94.6	119.8	73.5	
Year on year changes								
Irish nationals ¹	- 13.0	- 14.4	- 23.3	- 5.8	- 2.1	+ 8.5	+ 1.4	
Non-Irish nationals	+ 0.7	- 3.8	- 6.9	- 2.9	- 2.8	- 8.5	- 0.8	
<i>of which:</i>								
<i>United Kingdom</i>	*	+ 0.2	- 1.4	- 1.1	- 1.0	- 0.9	+ 0.1	
<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	*	- 1.8	*	0.0	*	- 1.1	- 1.5	
<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	+ 1.5	- 2.4	- 3.4	- 1.2	- 0.8	- 4.9	- 0.5	
<i>Other</i>	*	+ 0.2	- 1.8	- 0.5	- 0.1	- 1.6	+ 1.1	
Total persons	- 12.3	- 18.2	- 30.1	- 8.6	- 4.9	0.0	+ 0.6	

¹ Includes 'not stated'.

* Population estimates of less than 1,000 are deemed too small for publication purposes due to reliability concerns. Sampling or other survey errors are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Data may be subject to future revision.

Data may be subject to sampling or other survey errors, which are greater in respect of smaller values or estimates of change.

Table A2 (contd.) Estimated number of persons aged 15 years and over in employment (ILO) classified by nationality and NACE Rev. 2 Economic Sector, April-June 2009 and 2010

'000

NACE Economic Sector								Total	Nationality
K-L Financial, insurance and real estate activities	M Professional, scientific and technical activities	N Administrative and support service activities	O Public administration and defence, compulsory social security	P Education	Q Human health and social work activities	R-U Other NACE activities			
Q2 2010									
94.9	92.8	49.5	105.8	142.7	207.4	85.1	1,629.4	Irish nationals ¹	
8.3	8.1	11.8	2.0	7.2	27.5	13.0	229.6	Non-Irish nationals	
<i>of which:</i>									
3.0	3.2	2.6	1.0	2.9	4.7	1.9	37.5	<i>United Kingdom</i>	
2.0	1.3	1.4	*	1.2	1.5	2.5	24.1	<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	
1.3	2.1	5.6	*	1.1	4.0	4.8	107.6	<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	
2.0	1.5	2.2	*	2.0	17.3	3.7	60.4	<i>Other</i>	
103.2	100.9	61.3	107.8	149.8	234.9	98.1	1,859.1	Total persons	
Q2 2009									
97.8	88.9	51.8	104.9	140.9	195.3	84.5	1,663.9	Irish nationals ¹	
11.0	13.7	14.1	2.8	9.5	32.5	14.2	274.6	Non-Irish nationals	
<i>of which:</i>									
3.0	5.7	2.4	1.5	3.8	8.0	2.9	49.6	<i>United Kingdom</i>	
2.9	1.9	1.3	*	1.9	2.2	3.8	34.1	<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	
3.2	3.1	6.5	*	*	5.2	4.5	123.7	<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	
1.8	3.1	3.9	*	2.9	17.2	3.1	67.2	<i>Other</i>	
108.7	102.6	65.9	107.7	150.4	227.8	98.7	1,938.5	Total persons	
Year on year changes									
- 2.9	+ 3.9	- 2.3	+ 0.9	+ 1.8	+ 12.1	+ 0.6	- 34.5	Irish nationals ¹	
- 2.7	- 5.6	- 2.3	- 0.8	- 2.3	- 5.0	- 1.2	- 45.0	Non-Irish nationals	
<i>of which:</i>									
0.0	- 2.5	+ 0.2	- 0.5	- 0.9	- 3.3	- 1.0	- 12.1	<i>United Kingdom</i>	
- 0.9	- 0.6	+ 0.1	*	- 0.7	- 0.7	- 1.3	- 10.0	<i>EU15 excl. Irl. & UK</i>	
- 1.9	- 1.0	- 0.9	*	*	- 1.2	+ 0.3	- 16.1	<i>EU15 to EU27 States</i>	
+ 0.2	- 1.6	- 1.7	*	- 0.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.6	- 6.8	<i>Other</i>	
- 5.5	- 1.7	- 4.6	+ 0.1	- 0.6	+ 7.1	- 0.6	- 79.4	Total persons	

Background Notes

Purpose of Survey	The Quarterly National Household Survey (QNHS) began in September 1997, replacing the annual April Labour Force Survey (LFS). The purpose of the survey is the production of quarterly labour force estimates and occasional reports on special social topics. The survey meets the requirements of Council Regulation (EC) No. 577/98, adopted in March 1998, which requires the introduction of quarterly labour force surveys in EU member states.
Reference Period	Information is collected continuously throughout the year from households surveyed each week to give a total sample of 39,000 households in each quarter. Up to and including the fourth quarter of 2008 the QNHS operated on a seasonal quarter basis since its establishment in Q4 1997. As of the first quarter of 2009 the Quarterly National Household Survey (QNHS) is now undertaken on a calendar quarter basis. The reference quarters for survey results are: Q1 - January to March, Q2 - April to June, Q3 - July to September and Q4 - October to December.
Data Collection	Information is collected on laptop computers, using computer-assisted personal interview (CAPI) software.
Sample Design	A two-stage sample design is used. This comprises a first stage sample of 2,600 blocks (or small areas) selected at county level to proportionately represent eight strata reflecting population density. Each block was selected to contain, on average, 75 dwellings and the sample of blocks is fixed for a period of about five years. In the second stage of sampling, 15 households are surveyed in each block to give a total quarterly sample of 39,000 households. Households are asked to take part in the survey for five consecutive quarters and are then replaced by other households in the same block. Thus, one fifth of the households in the survey are replaced each quarter and the QNHS sample involves an overlap of 80% between consecutive quarters and 20% between the same quarter in consecutive years. The survey results are weighted to agree with population estimates broken down by age, sex and region. The population estimates for April of each year are published in a separate release.
Usual residence and de facto population concepts	Up to and including Q1 2006 the annual population estimates have been calculated using the de facto definition of population (i.e. all persons present in the state). From Q2 2006 onwards a new concept of usual residence will be used, i.e. all persons usually resident and present in the state plus absent persons who are usually resident in Ireland but are temporarily away from home and outside the state.
ILO Labour Force Classification	The primary classification used for the QNHS results is the ILO (International Labour Office) labour force classification. Labour Force Survey data on this basis have been published since 1988. The ILO classification distinguishes the following main subgroups of the population aged 15 or over: In Employment: Persons who worked in the week before the survey for one hour or more for payment or profit, including work on the family farm or business and all persons who had a job but were not at work because of illness, holidays etc. in the week. Unemployed: Persons who, in the week before the survey, were without work and available for work within the next two weeks, and had taken specific steps, in the preceding four weeks, to find work. Inactive Population (not in labour force): All other persons. The labour force comprises persons employed plus unemployed.

Participation, Employment and Unemployment Rates	<p>The rates given in this release are based on the ILO classification. The Participation Rate is the number of persons in the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population aged 15 or over. The Employment Rate is the number of employed aged 15 to 64 expressed as a percentage of the total population aged 15 to 64. The Unemployment Rate is the number of unemployed expressed as a percentage of the total labour force.</p>
Duration of Unemployment	<p>The duration of unemployment is the length of time since a person last had a job or began looking for work, whichever is more recent. The long-term unemployment rate is the number of persons unemployed for one year or more expressed as a percentage of the total labour force.</p>
Underemployment	<p>In the LFS and in the first two quarters of the QNHS, a person who had a part-time job was classified as underemployed if he/she was looking and available for another part-time job or a full-time job.</p> <p>Since the April-June 1998 quarter, the category 'underemployed' has been based on a new question relating to the respondent's satisfaction with his/her current hours. Thus, a respondent who works in a part-time job is classified as 'underemployed' if he/she is looking and available for another job and has explicitly stated that the hours worked currently are 'too few'.</p> <p>This change has affected comparability (but only within the 'At work, part-time' category) between the January-March 1998 and subsequent quarters.</p>
Part-time Underemployment	<p>In July-September 2008 the question used to measure 'part-time underemployment' was replaced with two new questions, which aim to capture the exact same concept as before, but in simpler language. This change was made in response to concerns about the quality of the 'part-time underemployment' indicator, evidenced by its almost static nature since the survey began, and also feedback from the field force about the complexity of the original question.</p> <p>This change has introduced a break in the 'At work, part-time, underemployed' series, between July-September 2008 and all previous quarters.</p> <p>This indicator should be considered tentative until such time as a stable time-series has been established. The performance of this indicator will be monitored over the coming year, and it is possible that additional changes may be required.</p>
Principal Economic Status Classification	<p>Results are also available using the Principal Economic Status (PES) classification which was used in the Labour Force Survey and the Census of Population. The PES classification is based on a single question in which respondents are asked what is their usual situation with regard to employment and given the following response categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● At work ● Unemployed ● Student ● Engaged on home duties ● Retired ● Other. <p>This PES question is asked before the sequence of questions used to derive ILO status.</p>
NACE Industrial Classification	<p>The QNHS sectoral employment figures are based on the EU NACE Rev. 2 (Nomenclature generale des activites economique dans les Communautés europeennes) classification as defined in Council Regulation (EC) no 1893/2006. Fourteen NACE sub-categories are distinguished in Table 2b of this release. From Q1 2009 NACE Rev. 2 has been adopted as the primary classification of industrial sectors for use in QNHS outputs. From Q4 1997 to Q4 2008 the NACE Rev. 1.1 classification had been in use.</p> <p>NACE Rev. 2 classification is more detailed than the NACE Rev. 1.1 classification. In particular more sections are now identified for services activities with the aim of better capturing economic activity within services. In cases where there is a direct one to one correspondence (e.g. section H 'Hotels and restaurants' in NACE Rev. 1.1 directly corresponds to section I 'Accommodation and</p>

food service activities' sector in NACE Rev. 2) then the two different series can be expected to be broadly comparable.

However, the series will not be exactly the same, as the process of applying NACE Rev. 2 involved a very detailed recoding process whereby the new NACE classification was applied to each record in each quarter. The detailed nature of this process means it should be expected that even in the case of a one to one correspondence between a NACE Rev. 2 and NACE Rev. 1.1 section; minor differences in the level of the estimates may be seen.

To facilitate analysis and the running of seasonal adjustment on the time series NACE Rev. 2 estimates have been produced from Q1 2004 onwards. It is not proposed to backdate the NACE Rev. 2 series further than Q1 2004. As of Q2 2009 only NACE Rev. 2 estimates will be published.

Occupations

Table 4 presents occupational data. The classification system used is based on the UK Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) with some modifications to reflect the Irish labour market. This classification was also used in the 2002 and 1996 Census of Population and has replaced the previous Census and Labour Force Survey occupations classification. The old and new classifications are not perfectly comparable. The 1996 Census of Population report on occupations (Census Volume 7) contains further information on comparing the classifications.

The data given in Table 4 is at a broad level, corresponding to SOC major groups. More detailed quarterly data is available on request from the CSO.

Family Units

Table 24 presents family data. The definition used is as follows:

Family Unit

A family unit consists of either:

1. a married couple, or
2. a married couple and one or more of their never-married children, or
3. one parent and one or more of his or her never-married children, or
4. a couple living together (with never-married children, if any) who are not married to each other, where it is clear that the couple form a "de facto" family unit.

Households may contain more than one family unit or may contain a family together with other persons not in a family unit as defined above.

However, there are problems identifying some unmarried parents with children as separate family units. This happens particularly where one unmarried parent with one or more children lives with his/her parent(s) and the information recorded in the survey on the relationship to the reference person does not clearly identify the parent/child relationships. In such cases, the unmarried parent and children may not be identified as a distinct family unit. As a result, the number of family units consisting of unmarried parents with children is probably understated to some degree.

Grossing Effect

The QNHS grossing procedure aligns the distribution of persons covered in the survey with independently determined population estimates at the level of sex, five-year age group and region. This means that the adjustment factors assigned to each spouse within a family unit will differ. Accordingly, some male and female estimates in family tables, which might be expected to be identical, differ slightly. Another factor effecting the slight difference is that, in a small number of cases, gender was incorrectly recorded or coded.

Labour Supply Indicators

Table 20 contains three indicators of potential labour supply. These indicators take into account, in addition to the unemployed, groups outside the labour force who have indicated some interest in obtaining a job. These extra groups include discouraged workers (who are not looking for work as they believe they are not qualified or that no work is available) and other groups who want work but do not meet all the ILO criteria to be classified as unemployed. Persons who indicated that they were not available or not looking for work because they were in education were not included in the calculation of any of these indicators. The indicators are available back to 1988, when the ILO classification was first included in LFS reports.

Comparing the LFS and the QNHS

The LFS was conducted each year in April and involved the completion of a written questionnaire in each of the sample households. The QNHS, on the other hand, involves continuous surveying so that the results reflect the average situation over the course of three months. The LFS paper questionnaires have been replaced by laptop computers, allowing some key questions (such as existence of a job in the week before the survey, full-time versus part-time jobs) to be refined and improved. The main factors affecting comparability of the two surveys are:

- Seasonal effects on numbers employed and unemployed
- The change from a point-in-time to a continuous survey (survey reference period)
- Changes in the questionnaire, which has increased the observed level of labour force participation, particularly in part-time jobs.

Changes to Questions on Employment

Information on full-time and part-time jobs is also collected using a more direct approach in the QNHS. The relevant LFS question distinguished four response categories, relating to occasional and regular as well as to full-time and part-time jobs. These concepts are now asked separately and the question on full-time or part-time work is as follows:

'Thinking about the hours of work in the job, would you describe it as full-time or part-time?'

The main effect of these changes has been to elicit more information about part-time employment, so that the estimates of part-time employment are higher in the QNHS than in the LFS.

This change has also increased the proportion of respondents indicating part-time involvement in the workforce. The effect of these changes is to cause a once-off discontinuity between the LFS and QNHS results.

Seasonality

Seasonal factors do not affect annual comparisons of LFS/QNHS results. However, they do affect the sub-annual comparisons and the effects of seasonal variation in labour supply and demand are evident from the QNHS results.

Seasonal factors are most clearly visible in the results for the July-September quarter, when the number of persons in employment is at its highest. Unemployment also increases in that quarter, when more people are available and looking for work. Other summer seasonal effects can be seen in the sectoral employment figures (with strong results for retailing, hotels and restaurants) and in the lower number of students in summer. There is also evidence that employment and unemployment are both lower in the winter months.

Seasonal Adjustment Methodology

The data from the QNHS was adjusted using the X-11-ARIMA procedure. This procedure is an adaptation of the U.S. Bureau of the Census X-11 seasonal adjustment programme developed by Statistics Canada.

The first task in the process is to identify whether the series being adjusted is best considered additive or multiplicative for seasonal adjustment purposes. All of the QNHS series analysed were found to be multiplicative.

Once the series has been identified as being either additive or multiplicative the method fits an ARIMA (Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average) model to the unadjusted series and then uses the model forecast to extend the unadjusted series. The extended series is then seasonally adjusted using the standard X-11 seasonal adjustment method. The extension of the series improves the estimation of the seasonal factors and reduces revisions to the seasonally adjusted series as new data becomes available. To be able to use X-11-ARIMA you must have at least 5 years data.

The essential difference between X-11 and X-11-ARIMA is the use of ARIMA (Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average) models to improve the adjustment at the end of the time series by extending the time series. In the ARIMA model identification phase an attempt to determine the type of underlying probabilistic process that governs the behaviour of the time series is made. The choice of ARIMA model in this process was restricted to the 5 pre-defined models which were identified by Statistics Canada as fitting the majority of well behaved time series.

NUTS2 and NUTS3 regions

The regional classifications in this release are based on the NUTS (Nomenclature of Territorial Units) classification used by Eurostat. The NUTS3 regions correspond to the eight Regional Authorities established under the Local Government Act, 1991 (Regional Authorities) (Establishment) Order, 1993, which came into operation on 1 January 1994. The NUTS2 regions, which were proposed by Government and agreed by Eurostat in 1999, are groupings of the NUTS3 regions. The composition of the regions is set out below.

Border, Midland and Western NUTS2 Region		Southern and Eastern NUTS2 Region	
Border	Cavan Donegal Leitrim Louth Monaghan Sligo	Dublin	Dublin City Dun Laoghaire-Rathdown Fingal South Dublin
Midland	Laois Longford Offaly Westmeath	Mid-East	Kildare Meath Wicklow
West	Galway City Galway County Mayo Roscommon	Mid-West	Clare Limerick City Limerick County North Tipperary
		South-East	Carlow Kilkenny South Tipperary Waterford City Waterford County Wexford
		South-West	Cork City Cork County Kerry

Monthly Standardised Unemployment Rates

While total number of persons on the Live Register cannot be directly compared to the total number of unemployed persons as presented in this release, the Live Register is used to estimate an updated standardised unemployment rate (SUR) each month. In May 2010, the latest month for which Live Register data has been published, the SUR was estimated at 13.7%.

SUR estimates are revised following the publication of the QNHS results each quarter. The re-estimated SUR will be published with the Live Register for June 2010.

Further information on the live register and the standardised unemployment rate along with full series of data is available on www.cso.ie.

Changes to Education Attainment question

Following consultation with users a new classification of educational attainment was introduced to the QNHS in Q2 2009. This classification is more detailed than that which was previously used. The main aim of the change was to ensure estimates could be produced in line with the national framework of qualifications (NFQ) which was not possible under the previously used classification. Specifically some of the previous answer categories related to multiple NFQ levels. The new classification has been specifically designed to ensure NFQ based estimates can now be produced.

In particular the new classification is more specific and detailed in relation to qualifications outside the core educational system (i.e. various types of diplomas, certificates, trade based qualifications etc). The new data is not directly comparable to the old series in particular for post leaving cert and third level qualifications where various qualifications are now more accurately classified.

For information on the framework see: <http://www.nfq.ie/nfq/en/>. For information on the ISCED97 classification see: http://www.uis.unesco.org/ev_en.php?ID=7433_201&ID2=DO_TOPIC.

QNHS Social Modules

While the main purpose of the QNHS is the production of quarterly labour force estimates, there is also a provision for the collection of data on social topics through the inclusion of special survey modules. The selection of the major national modules undertaken to date has been largely based on the results of a canvas of users (over 100 organisations) that was conducted by the CSO in 1996, 2002 and most recently 2009. The results of the canvas are presented to the National Statistics Board and they are asked to indicate their priorities for the years ahead.

The schedule for social modules in any given year is based on the following structure:

Quarter 1	Annual modules update (Disability, Pensions, Childcare, Accidents and Illness), Information, Communication and Technology (ICT) Survey
Quarter 2	EU module (always covered under EU legislation)
Quarter 3	National module
Quarter 4	National module

The table below outlines some of the social modules published to date in the QNHS

Reference Quarter	Social Module
Q3 2009	Carers
Q2 2009	Union membership
Q2 2009	Cross border shopping
Q3 2008	Lifelong learning
Q2 2008	Educational attainment
Q1 2008	Working conditions
Q1 2008	ICT (information and communications technology) household survey
Q4 2007	Childcare
Q3 2007	Health status and health service utilisation
Q2 2007	Union membership
Q1 2007	Work-related accidents and illness (Q1 2003-Q1 2007)
Q1 2007	ICT household survey
Q4 2006	Crime and victimisation
Q3 2006	Social participation
Q3 2006	Sport and physical exercise
Q1 2006	ICT household survey
Q4 2005	Pension provision
Q4 2005	Special Saving Incentive Accounts (SSIAs)
Q3 2005	ICT household survey
Q3 2005	Recycling and energy conservation
Q2 2005	Reconciliation between work and caring responsibilities
Q1 2005	Childcare
Q4 2004	Equality
Q3 2004	ICT household survey
Q2 2004	Union membership
Q2 2004	Work organisation and working time
Q4 2003	Crime and victimisation
Q3 2003	Housing and households
Q3 2003	ICT household survey

Social modules yet to be published:

Reference Quarter	Social Module
Q3 2008	Life long learning
Q2 2009	Entry of young people into the Labour Market
Q1 2009	ICT household survey
Q3 2009	Informal Carers Questionnaire
Q4 2009	Travel Module and Pensions Module
Q1 2010	Crime and Victimisation
Q2 2010	Cross border shopping

Further Information

The following information on Labour Market statistics is available on the CSO website www.cso.ie: a full set of revised time series tables, further data in relation to QNHS social modules, methodology details and questionnaires. Special analyses can also be requested by emailing Labour@cso.ie.